THE DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

A FAMILY NEWSPAPER—Devoted to Religion, Politics, Science, Mining, Foreign and Domestic Intelligence, Mechanics, Education, Literature and the Arts.—THE UNION FOREVER.

VOLUME VI. DUTCH FLAT, CALIFORNIA, SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 27, 1865. NUMBER 1.

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY MORNING BY
BOUST & HAMMAR.

E. B. BOUST. M. O. HAMMAR.

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And See for Yourselves.

CHARLES CROCKER,
President of the Company.

jy2 instf

CALIFORNIA STAGE COMPANY.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER THIS DATE, THE Coaches of the "California Stage Company" will

Leave Dutch Flat daily, at 1 o'clock, A. M., for Sacramento, connecting with the cars of the Central Pacific Railroad Company, at Auburn, and

Returning, leaves Sacramento at 6¼ o'clock, A. M., and arrives at Dutch Flat at 12 o'clock, noon.

This line connects at Auburn with the coaches for Forest Hill, Todd's Valley, Yankee Jim's and Michigan Bluffs; Illinoistown, with coaches for Iowa Hill.

Leave Dutch Flat for Virginia City daily at 12 o'clock, noon, via Dutch Flat and Donner Lake Wagon Road.

N. I. HAMMOND, Agent.

se12-tf

CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD.

WINTER ARRANGEMENT.

ON AND AFTER TUESDAY, DECEMBER 13th, 1864, until further notice, the trains of the Central Pacific Railroad will run as follows:

Leave Sacramento for Auburn at 6:30 A. M. and 2 P. M.
Leave Auburn for Sacramento at 10:15 A. M. and 4:45 P. M.

The 6:30 A. M. up train connects at the Junction with the cars of the California Central Railroad for Lincoln and Marysville and all points north; and at Auburn with the stages of the California Stage Company for Grass Valley and Nevada, and via Dutch Flat and Donner Lake to Virginia City.

The 10:30 A. M. down train will connect with the cars for Folsom.

On Sunday one train only will be run, leaving Sacramento at 6:30 A. M., and Newcastle at 10:15 A. M.

C. CROCKER,
Superintendent C. P. R. R.

de1tf

AMERICAN AND FOREIGN BOOK PERIODICAL DEPOT.—GEO. H. BELL, Bookseller and Stationer, 611, Montgomery street, corner of Merchant street, San Francisco, receives subscriptions for any Periodical published in the United States or Europe, among which are the following:

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Harpers Monthly	$3 00	Harper's Weekly	3 00
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S. F. Weekly Alta California	5 00	N Y Herald for Cala	3 00
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		Harper's History of the Rebell'n. 12 Nos	4 00
		Intellectual Observer	5 50

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TWEED & CRAIG, Attorneys and Counselors at Law. Will practice in all the courts of Placer and the adjoining counties. Office in Auburn, in Judge Myres' building, Court street, next to the Temple saloon. ma14 tf

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LIVERY AND EXCHANGE STABLE,
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J. M. GAROUTTE,............................PROPRIETOR.

HAVING assumed the control of this well known and favorite stable, the proprietor desires to inform the public that every accommodation can be afforded them. He has stocked the stable with fresh horses, well broken for riding and driving.

Horses and Buggies!

Always on hand, and to be let at reasonable rates.

Drovers and Caravans,

Can be accommodated with a good lot, hay and grain.

Animals boarded and groomed by the day, week or month. ☞ Particular attention paid to transient stock Oct. 15-tf

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KING & INGRAHAM,...... ....Proprietors.

THE SUBSCRIBERS WOULD ANNOUNCE TO the traveling public, teamsters, and all others who may have business or pleasure on the Dutch Flat and Donner Lake Wagon Road, that they are prepared to accommodate all in a manner unsurpassed in the mountains.—This house is forty miles from Dutch Flat, and the proprietors have supplied themselves with an abundance for both man and beast.

The Bar

Is at all times furnished with the best liquors, wines and cigars, and

The Table

with game and fish, and such other delicacies as is possible to be obtained either in the cities or the mountains.

N. B.—Persons can always be supplied with saddle horses or vehicles at this house to visit any of the neighboring localities. A daily stage passes the door twice a day, to and from Virginia city. Oct. 1.-tf

DR. CHAS. A. TOZER'S
PRIVATE MEDICAL INSTITUTE,
N. E. Corner Jackson and Kearny Streets,
SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

Established in the city of Sacramento, in 1852 and removed to San Francisco in 1862, for the express purpose of affording an Asylum to those afflicted with Chronic and Venereal Diseases, and for the suppression of Quackery.

To the Afflicted.

DR. TOZER, IN RETURNING THANKS TO HIS patients and friends in the country, would most respectfully inform them that he can be found as usual at his Institute, N. E. corner Jackson and Kearny streets, devoting his time and intention particularly to the following diseases, viz: Syphilis in all its various forms, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures of the Urethra, Nocturnal emissions, Sexual Debility, Diseases of the Bladder and Kidneys, etc., etc From his long experience and successful practice, he can warrant a perfect cure in all of the above mentioned cases.

No deleterious drugs used in my practice. My charges are moderate, and my treatment to my patients is always honorable. The utmost secrecy observed in all cases.

Seminal Weakness.

Should you be afflicted with any of the following symptoms, such as Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pain in the Head, Dimness of Vision, Nervousness and General Debility, Loss of Memory, Confusion of Ideas, and Depression of Spirits, Evil Foreboding, Self-distrust and an Aversion to Society, consult Dr. Tozer at once, and he will restore you to perfect health.

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When you are afflicted with weakness of the back and limbs, headache, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, irritability, nervousness extreme urinary difficulties, derangement of the monthly sickness, sterility, and other diseases peculiar to females—consult Dr. Tozer, and you will receive particular attention. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply at once, and save yourselves from painful sufferings and premature death.

My rooms are so arranged that there is no danger of exposure or of meeting any one except the Doctor.

To Correspondents.

Patients of either sex, residing in any part of the country, however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of Dr. Tozer, can by submitting a written statement of their cases to the Doctor, receive all the attention and medicines necessary to effect a cure without the necessity of a personal interview.

All letters strictly confidential, opened and replied to by the Doctor himself.

Consultation at the office or by letter—FREE.

☞ Cures in all cases guaranteed.

Address DR. CHARLES H. TOZER,
San Francisco.

apr15 65y

THE OLD OAKEN BUCKET.

BY SAMUEL WOODWORTH.

How dear to my heart are the scenes of my childhood,
When fond recollection presents them to view!
The orchard, the meadow, the deep-tangled wildwood,
And every loved spot which my infancy knew!
The wide-spreading pond, and the mill that stood by it,
The bridge and the rock where the cataract fell,
The cot of my father, the dairy house nigh it,
And e'en the rude bucket that hung in the well—
The old oaken bucket, the iron-bound bucket,
The moss-covered bucket which hung in the well.

That moss-covered vessel I hailed as a treasure,
For often at noon, when returned from the field,
I found it the source of an exquisite pleasure,
The purest and sweetest that nature can yield.
How ardent I seized it, with hands that were glowing,
And quick to the white-pebbled bottom it fell;
Then soon, with the emblem of truth overflowing,
And dripping with coolness, it rose from the well—
The old oaken bucket, the iron-bound bucket,
The moss-covered bucket arose from the well.

How sweet from the green mossy brim to receive it,
As poised on the curb it inclined to my lips!
Not a full-blushing goblet could tempt me to leave it,
The brightest that beauty and revelry sips.
And now far removed from the loved habitation,
The tear of regret will intrusively swell,
As fancy reverts to my father's plantation,
And sighs for the bucket that hangs in the well!

DRAFTS FROM A DAIRY.

WRITTEN IN REBELDOM.

BY A LATE PRISONER OF WAR.

"SECESH" IN THE CRESCENT CITY.

The Crescent City, under Know Nothing thugs, under Mississippi gamblers, under Gen. Lovell, quondam Street Commissioner of Gotham, under iron-gloved Butler, under silken-gloved Banks—what is it?

Never less and never more than the Crescent City—Capital of Creoledom, metropolis of sugar kings, clime of the quadroons, and paradise of the piccaninnies. Volatile, variegated, vacillating, its *insouciante* population would cry "Vive!" to a Spanish bull-fight, a British bear-baiting, a Mexican cock-pitting, or a French guillotine, with the same gusto that applauds a negro banjo or an Italian hurdy-gurdy. Its polyglot market index to the more hidden but more real life of its motley social strata. A public house on Bayou St. John, a wine-garden at Lake Pontchartrain, a bagnio in the suburbs, or a saloon at the St. Charles, are only courser and finer photographs of the French market people, more or less painted, perfumed, gilt, or spangled. There is a perpetual masquerade going on, and everybody walks, eats, drinks, and talks in blue, red, green, yellow and parti-colored dominoes, with stars and stripes or stars and bars on them, just as occasion may call for.

In vain did Cyclopean Butler press down the irrepressible rebels under reams of proclamations; in vain did he hang a fanatical fancy man and imprison a legion of truculent traitoresses; in vain did soft-spoken Banks conciliate, concede and condescend; in vain did his staff officers wear much bullion and disburse cash. Rebelhood in New Orleans was like the jack-in-the-box which children play with. With the lid closed upon him, he becomes invisible; but remove your hand, and pop he jumps up again.

It is in vain to talk of rebel conversion or the eleventh-hour repentance and that sort of thing. While New Orleans remains Frenchy, and of the *ancien regime* pattern to boot, you may drench it with loyalty by hydrants-full, as they wash out the Gallic market; but to-morrow will come rebel mud and dust again, to both city and market-house. The present generation is "joined to its idols," and it will require much New England colportage, and possibly a great deal more of New York trade and Sunday newspapers, to evangelize the Crescent City into future true-blue Unionism. There is a leaven of oligarchy and caste in all Southern communities, even the rudest; and in the upper-crust and proximate layers will be found more or less hankering at all times after traditional flesh-pots of European snobdom, court flummery, and court-of-arms fol-de-rol; a cross between the hidalgo dignity which begs a shilling on the score of "blue blood" and the devil-may-care arrogance of Scott's cavalier in "Woodstock," who dons his dilapidated buskins with a

"Curse that boot-sole!
Blast the boot-hole!
And d——n the upper leather!"

So, in the sober truth, there is now, as there was under Butler and Banks, a smouldering of hot ashes, not to say fire, beneath the meretricious coquetry of Secession with Union in New Orleans. Under Butler, secret conspiring; under Banks, open contempt; under both, the latent workings of oligarchy and ambition, impatient at Yankee presence and Federal domination. I have before me some curious relics of Butler's time, in the shape of pointed marceaux, which were passed from hand to hand in rebel coteries, and sometimes fixed, at night, to the door of an obnoxious Northern officer like Michael Steno's libel on the chair of Marino Faliero. *Voici!* a brace of political gems concerning our single-eyed major general:

ACROSTIC.

Beast thou art, and Beast be thy name
Far as the winds shall waft thy shame?
Brute, Beast! by every crime defiled;
Unfit thy name to be reviled;
Thou thief, rogue, the world's horror and disgust,
Livest but to fill it with thy lust;
Even from Hell I fear thou'lt be expelled,
Raging demons 'll mad, to find they're excelled.

ACROSTIC.

Brutal and vulgar—a low wretch we know,
Every one d——s you wherever you go:
Noted for stealing, from both rich and poor—
Jam full your coffers, on every shore.
A beast by nature, and instinct as well,
Monster of ugliness—beats all in h—l;
Indeed, Lincoln may well call you home,
New Orleans you have picked clear to the bone.
Fully do you deserve all scandal and disgrace,
Beware, in future, where you show your face:
Unmanly, despicable, low and mean,
True, more close-fisted than any Jew seen;
Lowest of the low—a coward and a knave—
Ev'n lower than a nigger—we call a slave,
Rejoice, for you came "the Union to shave!"

General Butler's e idermis must have been of alligator's toughness to stand these delicate arrows of satire. But such delectable composers, in the arcrostical way, were abundant, and some were initialised into expressions not fit to be read outside of the dens wherein they were probably concocted. Among the more pretentious rebel ballads thus circulated was the following, by a Creole widow, of "secesh" proclivities:

ONE BUMPER AT PARTING.

THE LADIES' FAREWELL TO BRUTAL FEROCITY BUTLER.

We fill this cup to one made up
Of Beastliness alone;
The Catiff of his dastard crew—
The seeming paragon,
Who had a coward heart bestowed,
And brutal instincts given
In fiendish mirth; then spawned on Earth
To shame the God of heaven.

His very name is murder's own,
Like those unhallowed birds,
Who feed on corpses, and the Lie
Dwells ever in his word;
His very word a living curse
To mankind's lofty state,
Marked with the stain of branded Cain,
None knew him but to hate.

Fair woman's fame he made his game,
On children wreaks his spite;
A Tyrant 'mid his bayonets,
He never dared a fight.
Think you a mother's holy smile
Ere beamed for him? Ah! no;
The jackall nurs'd the whelp accurs'd,
Humanity's worst foe.

On every hand, in every land,
The scoundrel is despised,
In *Butler's* name the foulest wrongs
And crimes are all comprised;
'Twill live the sign of infamy
Unto time's utmost verge,
Ages unborn will tell in scorn
Of him as mankind's scourge.

We fill this cup to one made up
Of Beastliness alone;
A vampire of his Yankee crew—
The hated paragon.
Farewell! and if in —— there dwells
A demon such as thou,
Then, *Satan*, yield your sceptre up,
Thy mission's over now.

The following was issued as Gen. Butler's farewell address to his troops on relinquishing command of the Department of the Gulf:

NEGROQUARTERS, DEPARTMENT OF THE GULF,
NEW ORLEANS, 15th December, 1862.

General Order, No. 106.

Champions of Waterburg, veterans of Lowell, and Knights of Dahomey:

Relieved from further pilfering in this Department, by direction of Abraham I., I take leave of you by this final order, it being impossible to visit your various haunts, covering hundreds of miles of the frontier of a larger territory than some of the kingdoms of Europe.

I greet you, faithful minions, and say farewell. This word, endeared as you are by a community of injustice, cruelties, faults, and profligacies, is the only sorrowful thought I have.

You have deserved well of your country.

Without a murmer you have sustained a residence on a desolate island, where nothing could be found to pilfer, and presuming that your enemies were also culprits from justice I have sent some of them to the same place, that they might experience the same horrors. Solely from motives of inhumanity, and fearing that you might be called upon to assist in the attack upon the Queen City of the South, I dispatched the most of your transports to another quarter; but as soon as Commodore Farragut succeeded in capturing the city, you landed under protection of his guns, with your victory colors flying. To these laurels you have added the reduction of forts St. Philip and St. Paul's Church. The fortifications, deemed impregnable by most skillful engineers, you have stormed at the point of the bayonet, after the garrison had evacuated.

At your occupation, order, law, quiet, and peace ceased to exist, and, in the invectives of every nation heaped upon you, you have been the subjects of contempt and objects of loathsome disgust.

By your dicipline you have illustrated the best traits of the Yankee soldier, and established the opinions of those who anticipated "violence and rapine," as being the fundamental basis of operations laid down in your military tactics.

Landing with a military chest containing but seventy-five dollars, you have stolen enough from widows and orphans to enable you to send to Abraham I., your agent and co-laborer, the sum of nearly half a million of dollars, besides what your immediate personal debaucheries have required.

You have faithfully performed your part by depriving the poor of bread, and refusing shelter to women and children; but with less egotism than duty, I must claim to myself, and I believe Major Strong, of my staff, slightly assisted me the exclusive fame of trampling upon the ministerial robes. Thus we are gradually cementing our fractured Union, and securing to ourselves and posterity all the rights and privileges embraced in our glorious Constitution.

The few Dahomey monkeys who are using you as cats'-paws, scringingly enjoying the scattered crumbs which fall from the abundance of wealth, and ready at all times to share in the fruits of a successful robbery, have lately delegated two of their species* to make all possible dispatch, and try and secure a few of the golden eggs lately discovered in a guinea hen's nest at Washington City.

Your gridiron flag, which you were tauntingly told no one would raise, you have had to raise yourselves; and by the utmost vigilance on your part, it has remained unmolested. Owing to your negro proclivities, you have won over the entire population except the whites; and by the esteem and confidence displayed in return by the black man you have been fully compensated for all the privations and hardships which have ever been your attendants.

By your unrivaled filth, whose stench has polluted this atmosphere, you have to thank Heaven that disease and plague have not carried you to an untimely grave.

You have doubled your enemies in the field, and have been defeated in every open engagement.

I commend you to your commander. You ar worthy of his love.

Farewell, Freebooters! Again, farewell!!!

BOMBASTES FURIOSO BUTLER.

*Flander and Hahn.

When General Butler's iron policy was in successful experiment, so far as suppression of all overt disaffection could go, a notable effort was made to establish a rebel exchange under the very nose of authority. A publican, of popular antecedents, gave out that he would open a first-class saloon and billiard rooms, to be patronized by fashionable gentlemen of sporting propensities and loose cash. His viands were to be delicate, his wines *recherche*, his private departments "*de haut gout*," and his *petits soupers* unapproachable, except at a very tall figure. So much for the Yankee public; but he had other promises slyly current, anent with all rebel sympathizers were to be attracted to a common centre, where they might plot deep, play high, abuse Butler, and roar out the 'Bonny Blue flag," without peril of provost spies or police patrols. All worked to a charm apparently; and the spacious entrance of the new exchange was in due time thrown open, displaying its gilded bars, its mirrored wainscoting, its glittering glassware, and its rows of Hock, Heidseck, Chambertin and Clos Vougeot. Cool retreats, cozy corners, pretty privacies were not wanting, and Secessia grew jubilant over prospective campaigns on champagne and battles with with bottles, in the cause of its down-trodden Crescent City. But alas! presently the Beast roars. Our gentlemanly proprietor is summoned to report himself. He is a publican; he comes under the public house order, No. something or other. He must take the "oath!" Boniface wriggles—hesitates! The cyclopean eye is on him! Visions of Fort Jackson—of Mumford dangling—dance before his gaze. He cannot refuse; for his head is in the lion's mouth. So he subscribes; perjures himself; and swallows the Union oath! Unfortunate publican and sinner! He goes back to a deserted exchange—to a solitary saloon! Secessia—ungrateful Secessia—turns up its "bonny" nose at him. His exchange is a failure; and he becometh martyr to Southern confidence. "Secesh" is too careful of its precious carcase to trust it under the roof of a publican with the "mark of the Beast" on his forehead.

Nevertheless, though the "*maison doree*" under shadow of the St. Charles turned out a financial failure, the rebel idea of a central cabal found means to develop itself in the neighborhood thereof; and it was not long before our underground "'Change" was in reality founded. On the Rialto, where rebels most did congregate, the squibs and pasquinades above quoted, with numerous other ventings of bile in print, were read and spouted in secret conclave of many who passed, under daylight, for thrifty business men, of many who were loud-mouthed in their professions of Unionism, and of not a few who held Federal contracts or drew greenbacks from the Federal bureaus. Here it was that expresses from Madisonville via the Lake, of dispatches from the Gulf via the Teche country, of bulletins from Richmond via Red River, were duly to be found, with the earliest news of rebel victory and Yankee discomfiture. Here came Confederate officers with grey uniform under linen loose clothes; here were collected subscriptions for Southern aid; here the handiwork of rebels, in the shape of purses, tobacco pouches, and 'bonny blue flags,' were gambled for, or raffled for, at fabulous prices in hard specie. The Yankee general with his solitary eye, outside the 'Change, could see as well as Argus. Outside, his arms could grapple rebel plots like the arms of Briareus; but the dark-lantern orgies of Secessia were never entirely disclosed to him; and thus in his day, as in that of Banks, conspiracy found tools and workshops for continual mischief making. Many a recital of midnight plotting to outwit the "Feds" and assist the "Confeds" have I heard, five hundred miles away from New Orleans, where, by Texas bivouacs, I chatted with jovial guards concerning their sojourn in the Crescent City under the rule of Banks and Butler Nor was there wanting a spice of double dealing, on the part of complotting Federals, to give zest as well as aid to rebel schemers, whereby sundry hints reached me regarding boxes of Yankee merchandise consigned to Secessia through Yankee quartermasters, and pockets of needles and silken rolls for rebel flags, and much other knicknackeries transmitted as mail matter under Federal postage stamps, from Northern sympathizers to Southern comforters on the confines of Davisdom.

The recall of General Butler was a source of much gratulation on rebel 'Change; but when Banks' advent was soon after signalized by his provost marshal's onslaught upon female Secessia, in the campaign of the Levee, as it was satirically called, our rebel cavalry were assured they had made a bad 'swap' of New England rulers. This famous "campaign," occupying a couple of days, transpired on the occasion of an exchange of prisoners, when seven hundred Confederate soldiers were paroled and sent from New Orleans over the lines. This departure of "martyrs" was seized upon by Secessia as an opportunity for demonstration, and on the eventful day the Crescent City streets put on their gala dress. Regiments of dashing rebels in crinoline, according to previous orders from 'Change, reported on the Levee, via a hundred streets, in saucy squads or platoons. Secessia's flags could not be hoisted on the St. Charles or custom-house, nor draped round colossal statues in Canal street or Jackson Square; but Secessia's colors were flaunted nevertheless under Yankee eyes and noses in every street in the city; gleaming on fans, radient from parasols, defiant on brandished 'kerchiefs ubiquitous in ribbons, feathers, bows, and bandannas. The Amazons were marshalled in columns and lines, presenting ramparts impregnable as those with which Rabelais proposed to fortify the walls of Paris. At every corner they erected bastions of bonnets, breast-works of bones, curtains of crinoline, and covered ways of parasolettes. Every cotton bale was a gun-cotton bale with a female cannonier astride of it. Sugar barrels became fascines for fascinating engineers; every post was an outpost; every fence a picket; and the town a feminine dress parade. Whether "Brigadier Jack" was out, with her body-guard in undress uniform may only be surmised; but there were damsels enough to make daughters for all their regiments, and rebel dames enough to constitute a "field of ma's."

Such an Amazonian uprising took the modest men of our Bank's Expedition completely by storm. For a space they fell back before the rebel artillery of flashing eyes and waving *mouchoirs*. The paroled Johnnies were in ecstacies of triumph. Such front, flank, and rear movements of petticoat chivalry were never known before. Half that array of buckram and steel (in the hooped skirt line) might have saved New Orleans on that da disastrousy, when

"General Lovell ran out of the city's back gate,
A showing the milk white rag;
And Beauregard found out a trifle too late,
They were beaten at Bluff and Brag—rag—tag—
They were beaten at Bluff and Brag!"

A flying wing of the great female army of occupation attacked and carried the federal transport-steamer Laurel Hill. The Amazons were at this point reinforced by a detachment of infantry in arms. Meantime, the balconies fronting the river, from Poydras to Gravier streets, were seized upon as strong positions, and a fire of hot glances were kept up against the Yankees from a line of house tops. Several charges were ordered by federal officers, but their troops were resisted at the point of the bayonet, and assailed in their turn by sharp tongues and other pointed weapons. Gen. Banks commanded in person, at headquarters, and oyster-banks defended the federal line of battle.

Here it was that a Yankee stategy resulted in a great loss to the Amazons. The federal transport, Laurel Hill was recaptured by her skipper and engineers, and, suddenly "changing base," steamed out from the levee and headed down stream, carrying every prisoner which the rebel force had taken possession of, but were subsequently overpowered by the skipper. Shrieks from the rebel children of ma's; cries of alarm from the entire line of 'Secesh' infantry, mingled with the crack of rifled parasols, the rattle of double-barreled *lorgnettes*, and the crash of shell combs. Gen. Bowen's provost-marshal guards rushed in at this crisis, and, with the assistance of Colonel French's trained "old soldiers," soon decided the day in favor of Yankee generalship. The paroled prisoners were packed off without the satisfaction of reporting a successful "Secesh" revolution in the Crescent City, and the kidnapped Amazons, carried off in the Laurel Hill, were duly restored to their lawful owners, without further damage than a nocturnal "scare" and the loss of rebel flags and handkerchiefs.

INFORMATION FOR BUTCHERS.—As nearly every one who pretends to know what is good, is fond of tripe, we publish the following that our butchers may not longer spoil an excellent article of food by carelessness or ignorance. At the last meeting of the New York Farmer's Club, Solon Robinson, in reply to an inquiry by a correspondent, as to the "best way to prepare tripe," gave the following clear directions:

"Cut as small an opening into the paunch as possible, through which to empty the contents. Do this with care, so as not to smear the outside, and carefully wash off any substance that may adhere. Then let one man thrust his arm into the opening and seize the bottom firmly, while another turns the sack inside out. Now sew up the slit that was cut, firmly, with strong twine. The sack is now to be thoroughly washed in cold water, and then either covered with whitewash just as you would cover a sheepskin to loosen the wool, or else placed in a tub of strong alkali made of lime or wood ashes, or potash, and kept there until the woolly coating is loosened so that it can be easily scraped off with a knife. As soon as this is the case give the sack another thorough washing to cleanse it of the lime, and then it is ready to be cut up for scraping. Cut it in long strips, about five or six inches wide; lay one of these upon a table or board before you, fastened at one end with a couple of tacks, and scrape with a dull knife until quite free of the adhering coat. Then wash and put the tripe to soak in weak brine for twenty-four hours or longer. Then wash again and it is ready for boiling. It should be boiled until it is quite tender, when it may be pickled or put away to be eaten fresh after recooking by stewing, frying or broiling; and there certainly is no part of a beef that affords richer or more palatable food; it is through the sin of ignorance that it is so often wasted."

THE FLOODS FOR THE LAST FIFTY-FIVE YEARS.—Just at this time, says the Pittsburg *Gazette*, when we are in the midst of one of those periodical inundations which are so annoying and destructive in their character, it may be interesting to give the record of all the remarkable floods which have occurred during the past fifty years. There have been many destructive freshets during the last half century, but only nine *floods*, as that term is now generally understood. The record is as follows:

1810—Nov. 10th,	greatest depth,	3[illegible]	Feet,	0	Inches.
1832—Feb. 10th,	"	"	3[illegible]	"	0	"
1840—Feb.	"	"	2[illegible]	"	9	"
1852—April 19th,	"	"	[illegible]	"	9	"
1860—April 12th,	"	"	2[illegible]	"	7	"
1861—Sept. 29th,	"	"	30	"	9½	"
1862—Jan. 20th,	"	"	28	"	9½	"
1862—April 22d,	"	"	25	"	0	"
1865—Mar. 18th.	"	"	2[illegible]	"	0	"

From the above it will be observed that this is the first flood which has occurred here in the month on March.

SUPERSTITION, SIGNS, WONDERS AND TOKENS.

The Cradle—To rock an empty cradle will give baby the belly-ache.

Bad Luck—If you meet, when walking, a cross-eyed person, it indicates bad luck.

The Chair—Whirling an empty chair indicates that a whipping is in store for the transgressor.

Death in the Family—The breaking of a mirror by any member signifies death in the family before the year closes.

Crossing Hands—If four persons accidentally cross hands when shaking, some one of the company will soon be married.

The Dish-Cloth—If a dish-cloth be dropped when in use it is a sign that you will have company to dinner.

Sharp, Pointed, or Cutting—Present a friend with a knife, scissors, or needles, and they will cut your love or friendship.

A Funeral—Should you, when on a pleasure excursion, meet a funeral procession, you will have no enjoyment that day.

Finger Nails—If you cut your finger nails on Monday, without either speaking or thinking of a red fox's tail, you will have a present during the week.

Another—If the nails be cut on Monday morning before eating, a present may be expected; but if while cutting you think of a white calf's tail it will spoil the charm.

An Itching Ear—If the left ear itch and burn, it is an indication that some one is speaking ill of you. If the right ear, that they are speaking well of you.

Salt—If you spill salt it is a sign there will be a quarrel in the family. But if a small portion of the salt thus spilled be cast into a fire, it is said to counteract the influence.

Knife and Fork—If you drop a fork, and it sticks in the floor and remains in a standing position, it is a sign a gentleman will call; but if a knife, a lady.

Disappointment—When putting on your shoes and stockings, if you complete dressing one foot before commencing the other, it is a sign that you will be disappointed.

An Itching Foot—If the right foot itches on the bottom, you are going where you are wanted; if the left foot, where you will not be welcomed.

Fish and the Cat—If a cat washes her face, you will have company before night. If you dream you catch fish, it is a sign that you will make a good bargain, according to the size of the fish.

The Broom—If the broom is moved with the remainder of the household furniture, you will not be successful; but the broom must be burned while standing in the corner, being watched, to prevent the house taking fire.

The Last Look—Never look after a friend who is leaving until he is quite out of sight, or you may never see him or her again; but turn your eyes away while he is still visible, in order that he or she may return.

The Cat—If you are moving from one house to another, never take a cat with you, or she will surely bring bad luck to your new home; whereas she will add luck to the old house and those who move into it.

Shoes and Dishwater—Save the old shoes to throw after the carriage when any of the family start on journey; it will insure a safe return. Never let your dishwater come to a boil, as every bubble brings bad luck to the family.

The Moon—If you see the new moon for the first time through glass, or through the tree tops, it indicates that you will be unfortunate; but if you see it over the right shoulder, or directly in front of you, that you will be lucky.

An Itching hand—If the right hand itches, you will receive money; if the left, you will spend money. The letter R stands for *receive*; the letter L for *let* go. If the right eye itches, it is a sign that you will cry; if the left you will laugh. R stands for roar, and L for laugh.

An itching Nose—So important is this sign that it has been poetized, as follows:

"If the nose itches,
The mouth's in danger;
You will shake hands with a fool.
Or kiss a stranger."

Marriage—If a young lady finds a four-leaved clover and puts it in her hair, the first young man she meets she will marry. If a lady dons a gentleman's hat, it is a sign she wants a kiss. If you swallow a chicken's heart whole, the first young man who kisses you, you will marry. If one sits on the table, it is a sign they wish to be married.

The Bridal Dress—Anything but white garments to be married in, indicates bad luck for the bride, white being emblematic of innocence:

"They say that white
Is a heavenly hue."

Another has added:

"It may be so,
But the sky is blue!"

Sneezing:

If you sneeze on Monday, it indicates danger;
Sneeze on Tuesday, you will meet a stranger;
Sneeze on Wednesdey, you will receive a letter;
Sneeze on Thursday, you will get something better;
Sneezing on Friday indicates sorrow;
Sneeze on Saturday, you will have a beau to-morrow.
Sneeze before you eat, you will have company before you sleep.
If you sneeze before you are dressed, you will see your beau before you go to rest.

LIVING IN EDINBURG, SCOTLAND.—I like the English way of taking "lodgings." Boarding in our American manner is almost unknown in this country, but something better takes its place. A stranger coming to make a stay of a week or longer hires a room, with or without a seperate bedroom, as his purse may dictate. A humble apartment will cost him six shillings ($1 50 gold) per week. A good room with bedroom will cost twelve shillings; a sumptuous suit will cost a guinea, or five dollars. This includes coal, gas and service; and by the latter I mean not merely the blacking of boots and the brushing of clothes, but the providing of table furniture, the cooking of his food and the serving it.—He merely orders at the proper stores what he wishes; it is sent to his apartments and then it is set before him entirely prepared. In purchasing, he can exercise the same careful and shrewd economy which he practices in selecting his room. It is possible, therefore, to live comfortable in Edinburg for three dollars a week, and from that to any sum; for England can provide delicacies so costly that the most unlimited purse must be closed betimes. And yet this same Great Britain gives, at one of the most reputable restaurants of Edinburg, a breakfast for six cents, consisting of oat-meal pudding, bread and butter, and coffee or tea, and a dinner of soup, potatoes, hot meat and pudding for sixpence (twelve cents), or with cold meat for nine cents.

ROASTED RATS.—An officer of the 176th New York Vork volunteers, who was captured last October at the battle of Cedar Creek, gives the following in his account of life at Libby Prison:

"Below the prisons were what were called the 'cells,' in which hostages and refractory prisoners were confined. They were not, I understand, much more comfortable than the rooms above, but the food there was worse and scantier, and nothing was allowed to be brought in from outside. One officer who had been confined as a hostage in one of these cells, told me that he and his comrades used to take turns and sit up at night to catch rats, with which the prison swarmed. These rats, toasted before the stove, made a very savory addition to their ration."

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

SATURDAY MORNING, MAY 27, 1865.

Now, by St. Paul, the work goes bravely on,
The Stars and Stripes are up for Liberty,
Flag of the Nation--Talisman of the Free,
Curs'd be the hand that dares to pull thee down.

VOLUME SIX.

To-day we present to the patrons of the ENQUIRER a paper that will, we think, favorably compare with any in the interior, as an earnest of what we will endeavor to do in the future. It is the largest now published in Placer county, and we fondly hope filled with as interesting reading matter. Having now fulfilled our promises to our patrons, we would earnestly request that they discharge their obligations to us. There are many names on our books which *should* have a balance set opposite, but unfortunately for us, they have not. We have incurred considerable expense in enlarging our paper and naturally wish to be reimbursed for our outlay, and the only way we can hope for the successful accomplishment is for *all* those indebted to us to pay. In the future, as for some time past, we will be found battling for the principles of right and justice, without fear, and in doing this we expect to be supported by those who approve of our course. We have never received any exclusive party patronage since we first commenced the publication of a paper in this county, nine years ago, but have had to battle strenuously for what we got, and expect to do so still.—We desire to make the ENQUIRER a welcome visitor to every counting-room, shop, parlor and cabin in the country, and shall, to achieve this end, spare no pains or exertion on our part to fill the columns with such matter as will be appreciated by all. We are making arrangements to procure such assistance as will enhance the value of the paper in a literary point, and if our efforts in this respect are properly seconded, will soon present a paper which will be equal to any in the State, and a credit, not only to the locality in which we live, but the entire county.

FOURTH OF JULY.—We understand that it is the intention of the ladies of our town to give a ball on the evening of the Fourth for the purpose of raising money to buy a reel and hose for the town. Nothing, in our opinion, is needed more than good substantial hose to be used in case of necessity; and we know of no plan by which the money could be raised so easily as by the ladies taking the management into their own hands. We feel confident that every one who is at all interested in the welfare of the place will second their efforts in the undertaking. The warm, dry season has now set in and we should be prepared by all means within our reach to extinguish a fire should we be so unfortunate as to be visited by one. The water works are now in better repair than they have been for years, and the only thing needed to make us safe—always excepting a general conflagration—is good hose by which to avail ourselves of the use of the water.

ROBBERY AT GOLD RUN.—During the very early hours of Sunday morning last, while the lodgers in the Gold Run Hotel were wrapped in sweet forgetfulness, some person or persons "went through" the house and the pockets of such of the sleepers as were come-at-able. They got $80 from Mr. Platt, $60 from Thos. Thorne, $5 and a silver watch from Mr. Ruhling, $5 and a pocket knife from Mr. Beach, and other small sums from different parties, amounting in the aggregate to about $160. Suspicion attaches to several parties, but as yet, we believe, no arrests have been made. People who are lucky enough, these hard times, to have a "piece" left when they go to bed, should sleep with one eye open, lock and bolt their doors, and sprinkle boots, chairs and boot-jacks thickly near the door, so that, in case locks and bolts should be of no avail in keeping out the thief, he might stumble and break his neck, or make noise enough to arouse the sleeper, who might then break it for him. It is a good plan, and with the assistance of a half-ounce of lead, often works wonders.

NOTICE the advertisement of Mr. Brown in another column. Those who are desirous of becoming acquainted with a thorough system of book-keeping now have an opportunity of doing so. Mr. Brown has had a practical experience in book-keeping of fifteen years in one of the largest importing houses in Europe; and combined with his natural faculty for imparting information makes his enterprise one of the most desirable offered.

FOUND.—Our readers will remember we published an account of a snow slide on the road between this place and Donner Lake, during the month of January last, by which two persons, Tennessee Carriger and a pedler named Nicholson were buried alive. Although efforts were made immediately to recover the bodies, and frequently renewed since, it was only on Monday last that they were found. The bodies were found directly in the road and presented the appearance of fresh corpses; but of course when exposed to the air they commenced decaying rapidly. Carriger was buried near the place where he was killed, and Nicholson's body passed through here *en route* for Marysville, on Tuesday last.

FAST DAY.—Thursday next is the day set apart by the Governor for fasting and prayer, and we hope our people, at least, will properly observe it. Rev. Mr. Johnson will deliver the discourse, on this occasion, in the Methodist Episcopal church, assisted in the exercises by the Rev. Mr. Northup.

THE attention of our people, the ladies especially, is called to the fact that L. Wursburg & Brother have opened a splendid assortment of dry-goods on the corner above the Golden Eagle Hall where they are selling at remarkable low figures. These gentlemen have been residents of this county for the last ten years, and at Todd's Valley, where they have been heretofore located, sustain a reputation for fair dealing and energy inferior to none in the county.

GONE.—H. R. Hawkins, the former editor of the Gold Hill *News*, left San Francisco during the past week for Tumbes, to which place he goes in the capacity of United States Consul. He is well fitted for the "posish" and will look after the interests of our Government with a jealous eye.

OUR old friend, John Sales, Esq., long and favorably known in Nevada county, paid us a visit on Thursday last. Mr. Sales is just from Virginia City at which place he has been residing for some time past.

ANYBODY who is really fond of good beverages made to order from the best liquors or harmless summer drinks can obtain the same by visiting Van Buren's saloon at Gold Run.

POLITICAL RIGHTS vs. NATURAL RIGHTS.

As the war closes, all the questions lying at the bottom of this agitation are to be examined in the light which the blazing torch of civil war has thrown upon them, and then they are to be settled in new forms by just and needful legislation, and after that crystalized into symmetrical national character. But to do all this thoroughly, a vast amount of calm, honest and earnest discussion is necessary. Under the teaching of political demagogues and gamblers for office, the public mind, during a long period of peace, became blinded by partisan questions and led astray on many vital matters, which should at once receive the earnest attention of all loyal men.

Perhaps on no point have men become more befogged than that announced at the head of this article. How many of our readers can, off hand, define the difference between *Political Rights* and *Natural Rights*? We fear that a great many citizens, intelligent enough on many other points, are not so well posted on this matter as the times demand, and as every American citizen ought to be, especially at the present time. On this point we propose to submit to our readers a few thoughts, which we hope will lead them to examine the subject and become posted. Of course we shall not undertake to discuss such a subject in one editorial, nor to exhaust it in the columns of a country newspaper. We only aim to turn the attention of our readers to the matter, and suggest a few ideas that may help a little in the examination of it. We raise this question with special reference to the right of suffrage, and after stating the general principle, with such illustrations as may seem to us as pertinent, we shall endeavor to make some practical applications suited to the times.

We start out with the two-fold proposition, which we hope to prove, that

All men have the same natural rights, while but comparatively few men ought to have the same political rights.

Or, we might say, all men, under any or every form of government, have by nature the same rights, but it would overthrow all the best governments in the world to grant unconditional and equal political rights to all. Our own Government no doubt would stand the strain longest, but it would be subverted very soon.

Let us next attempt to define Natural and Political Rights. The Declaration of Independence clearly asserts our natural rights, as the basis on which all just government rests, but you will find little there on the special subjects of political rights. It asserts that "ALL MEN are created equal," that is so far as natura rights are concerned; but it nowhere asserts that all men are created equal in mental, moral, physical, social or business capacity or endowments. The blatant Copperhead and arrant traitor who asserted that the Declaration of Independence was made up of "glittering generalities" and "self-evident lies," only exposed his shameless ignorance of the very first principles of the government he was sworn to support, or else that his heart was too black and his moral nature too corrupt for him to see the force, clearness, justness and truth of those great principles. But what does the Declaration assert on this subject? Simply this: "that they (all men) are *endowed* by their *Creator*"—that is, they are born or created—"with certain unalienable *rights*; that among these (natural rights) are life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness." That is, *all men are created equal in their rights to life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness.* Natural rights, then, are the right to life, the right to liberty, and the right to seek happiness.

Now the very next assertion gives you the ground of all just political power or right of government. It says, "That to secure these (natural) rights, governments are instituted among men." In other words, the object of all just governments, that for which alone they are instituted, is to secure the natural rights of men. Hence, political rights depend entirely upon the kind of government which may be established or instituted for any people or country. In a despotism, all political rights are lodged in the hands of one man. In an aristocracy, in the hands of a few. In a representative government, political rights are secured to all qualified voters. It thus appears that as Burke says, the matter of political rights "is a thing to be settled by convention," and that "the share of power, authority and direction which each individual ought to have in the management of the State is not included amongst the direct original rights of man in civil society" (vol 3, p. 79). Political rights are conferred, therefore, by the Government, while natural rights are bestowed by the Creator, and it is the business of the Government to secure to all men the enjoyment of their natural rights.

We reserve our definition of political rights and further discussion of the subject for our next issue.

DUTCH FLAT, May 25th, 1865.

EDITOR ENQUIRER:—I wish to ask you: Is it the duty of a Notary or Justice to read a deed or other paper through to take an acknowledgement to the same; is it gentlemanly, or even decent, without the permission of the party making the acknowledgement? Please state whether you think it is not prying into another's business to do so. This breach of politeness occurred in this place recently. A.E.R.

We believe it is not usual for an officer, ordinarily, to read a deed or other instrument taken to him for acknowledgement. His duty is simply, after the the party has acknowledged the same, to certify to the fact, and if he has a seal to affix the same upon the instrument. We should certainly think he was taking undue liberty if he attempted to acquaint himself with the contents.

IT is probably an event that is as rare as it is patriotic that the people of our country have shown such unbounded confidence in the stability of the government as has been manifested when the Government asked for loans to meet the enormous expenses incurred the past four years of civil war. It will be seen that on the 17th instant the second series of the 7-30 loan was exhausted, and that the subscription agent, Jay Cooke, of Philadelphia, had commenced issuing the third series. This loan, amounting to two hundred and thirty millions, is precisely similar to the first and second, with the exception that they are dated on the 15th of July, and that Government reserves the right to pay six per cent. in gold instead of paying the same in 7-30 currency. Those who have laid by amounts ranging from a hundred dollars to thousands, have an opportunity of investing it in a safe and profitable way. These bonds are not subject to any State or municipal taxes.

PERSONAL.—On Wednesday morning M. S. Deal, Esq., paid our sanctum a visit. Mr. Deal appears to enjoy the good things of life, which the admiring patrons of the *Transcript* furnish him, with a zest. He edits the most uncompromising Union paper in the State, and well deserves his prosperity.

[Written for the ENQUIRER.

A TRIP FROM STAR CITY TO DUTCH FLAT.

NUMBER ONE.

DUTCH FLAT, May 8th, 1864.

EDITOR ENQUIRER:—In lieu of something more enticing and profitable to while away the dull hours of this warm weather, I have proposed to myself, and accepted the proposition to favor your patrons or your scrap-box with a crude sketch of a journey, from Star City, in the State of Nevada, to Dutch Flat.

Star City is situated upon the eastern declivity of the range of mountains which forms the eastern boundary of the Valley of the Humboldt, and is distant from here about two hundred and seventy miles. I started out on the 24th day of April with my blankets, my budget and myself packed upon my Jennette—"what,s in a name?" she was a very mulish companion, but did her duty with good hard horse sense. I wended my way leisurely along through the foot-hills over a "cut off," which, you know, is always the nearest way, requiring however, more time and greater exertion to pass over it, and this one proved no exception to the general rule. After traveling over this mountain trail sixteen miles I descended into what is known as Indian Cañon, here I espied a man riding a very spirited pony through the ravines, then wandering through the sage brush on the hills as if in search of a lost animal, he presently rode up and I recognized a Mr. Neal, a merchant from Susanville, near Honey Lake, and withal a fine, affable, intellectual and interesting traveling companion. A man, I think given at times to mental derangement, and following after phantoms, for upon this occasion he was in pursuit of a man who owed him a small amount of money, and who being aware of the intended visit of his victimized creditor has selected this favorable opportunity in which to enjoy the refreshing shade of a sage bush, or the quiet of some rocky crag. I succeeded in a short space of time, in convincing Mr. Neal, that he was, at least, partially insane, and induced him to locate an indefinite extension on that man's credit, whereupon he reined in and we started together towards Virginia City. Soon after we struck into the Ayers & Nightingall toll road, passing over the Humboldt range we slowly descended the western declivity. We stopped late in the afternoon at a house for some water, near by where a rich, wide and well defined silver mine has lately been prospected. At the house we discovered a full blooded Hinglishman, and we were no little pleased to hear him discourse at length upon the richness and beauty of the "*ox hyde*" of silver contained in the rock. From this place we made our way down upon the banks of the murky Humboldt, and put up at what is known as the Junction House, the host is a seedy looking hombre from Sacramento City, calling himself Banks, a native, and long a resident, of New Orleans, a man well informed for one so filthy in appearance, and what may appear more strange, a true Union man, and a radical abolitionist. After awaiting two hours and a half, we were seated to a supper served up by a greaser boy. We had duck and plover fresh from the Humboldt, tough and stringy; red and rare; cooked slightly, in bacon grease; warm biscuit, flavored with old bacon; muddy coffee; dirty syrup; and in lieu of butter, a "Missouri dip" composed of a little flour thrown into some old bacon grease. At this place we met a company of fifty Celestials, and a dozen or two moon-eyed damsels on their way to Jordan Creek, they were all well armed with revolvers to defend the trains against the Indians upon the route, also a small company of white men *en route* for Idaho. After eating a breakfast of biscuit and bacon, we journeyed along the old emigrant road down the Humboldt, and reached Murphy's station at the foot of Humboldt Lake, or the sink, as it is most gen rally termed, about five o'olock P. M., having traveled seventy-five miles in less than two days, with over two hundred pounds upon my animal.

The scenery of this day's journey was picturesque in the extreme; the parched, dry appearance of the bottom lands, along this portion of the river, known as the Big Meadows, which are covered for many miles in extent with rank rye grass and tule; the white salt and alkali plains; the rolling, naked sand hills; and still farther back, upon either side of the valleys, the green verdure of the foot-hills; higher up, the numerous and widely varied colors of the different strata of the craggy, barren and ragged mountains, present a strangely wild and romantic appearance, while to the northeast sixty miles, looms up high in heavens one of the loftiest mountains in the United States, Star Peak—11,200 ft. above the level of the sea, and 6,000 feet above the surrounding valleys, one half of its apparent altitude covered deep with the snows of winter, and round its extreme summit the white fleecy snow-clouds, rising, falling, forming, rising again, bursting into a hundred different shapes, again forming and mounting high, whirling and chasing each other in rapid succession, presenting, in an instant, even at this great distance, all the gorgeous tints of the rain-bow, and as suddenly eclipsed and darkened by each other's moving shadow, forming one of nature's panoramas, which no pen can describe, which no art can imitate. To the north one hundred and twenty miles, the Winnemucca mountains, covered with snow, stand out, like some great national barrier, in bold relief, against a cloudless horizon. At our feet lies the noted sink of the Humboldt. This sink is a shallow lake from eight to ten miles in length and about two in width into which the waters of a river three hundred miles in length empty and disappear; at this season of the year, however, when the snows, high in the mountains, are fast melting, this lake becomes so swollen that the water rushes through a narrow gap at the foot of he lake and flows for many miles in a crooked, winding channel, known as the slongh (according to modern pronuciation the *slu*) and making the waters of the Carson upon the south west of Table mountain, they mingle and sink in one common grave.

All this, as a background upon which spiral moving columns of dust and sand from the desert wastes, rising for two thousand feet, mark their rapid march tends to inspire one with great admiration for the beauty, grandeur, order, power and magnificence exhibited in such a scene. At Murphy's station we fared well for so new and wild a country. The present proprietor of this station, is a spruce active Norwegian in the prime of life, he has an Irish woman to keep house for him; her wreathes of beauty faded long ago, and her hair is as gray as the moss covered oak, nevertheless she is a good cook and does the fair thing at the table. And all who may travel that way will never consider their dollar thrown away when paid for one of the old lady's square meals. At this station we met the army wagon master of Fort Churchill with three heavily laden "prairie schooners" *en route* for Paradise Valley, on the Little Humboldt, with seventy days rations for Captain Wells and his command of one hundred and fifty men, who had gone out to annihilate the Pahuta Indians who were stealing stock and murdering the whites. With them was a sprightly woman about thirty-five years of age or less, born somewhere in Hibernia, five feet nine inches high, about thirteen stone in height, gray eyes, light complexion, light flaxen hair, cropped short, with a resolute, bold and daring expression of countenance, in fact, a woman who could "paddle her own canoe" and was bound to make an impression, either for good or evil and leave her mark wherever she might congregate. She was on her way to Idaho City, where she intended to open either a boarding-house, a restaurant or a hotel, she had not decided which. She was very fond of singing "To the army and the navy," "The bold soldier boy," "We'll rally round the flag boys," &c., &c., which exhibitions convinced my friend Neal as well as myself that she was at least sound on the Union. The unanimous expression of the teamsters and escort as they smoked their pipes around the camp fires that night was "bully for you old gal," one of Uncle Sam's roughs remarked aside "that she was a gay and festive cuss" whereupon brother Neal being a man of a religious turn of mind, rubbed his hands and shouted amen, amen! We also passed a small company of horsemen bound for the northern mines. "Men" said our host "are passing here every day without a cent of money begging and bumming their way along to Idaho." Well, morning at length dawned again and an early hour found us a few miles out on the old emigrant road that crosses the forty mile desert to Ragtown. There diverging to the west and following what is known as the Old Truckee route, sixteen miles brings us to the Warm Springs. Between these two points we met another campany of Chinamen going to Boise River, forty in number, with only two or three of the "moon eyed." All except women and drivers walked and most of them with loads, some were barefoot, and many wore open sandals, merely a sole for the foot. Upon the hindermost wagon sat a sly looking, full blooded Congo with a mouth like that of the Amazon, and an under lip of gigantic proportions, beside this master of the whip and rein sat a cozy looking, rosy cheeked "moon eye" holding an umbrella over her more sable companion, as well as shielding herself from the hot rays of the sun. My friend Neal had the impudence to inquire of this intelligent contraband if he was in favor of Miscegenation, whereupon assuming a broad grin, he unhesitatingly replied "yass sar, I is, you bet: I'se in favor of *messing nations*, long ago." At the Warm Springs we find a station owned by some Irishmen who have a German hurdy-gurdy for a housekeeper. After passing this place we needed no farther proof or argument to convince us that the representative from Congo was traveling upon a most congenial highway.

The Springs are three in number, on a gentle declivity, the upper and larger one is too hot to bear the naked hand in and not have the skin slip. I put my finger in it, and took it out immediately for fear of an accident. The water from this spring runs only a few feet, becomes comparatively cool, sinks, and immediately below boils up hot and steaming again. Hot springs are no uncommon thing in Nevada, they are numerous and many of them large and of the finest medicinal qualities. During this (our third) day's journey we were constantly excited by the ever changing phenomenon known as mirage, we frequently saw large trains of wagons and horsemen coming towards us which we never met, and many station houses which we never passed, for as we neared the objects they would vanish into diminutive sand-hills or scrubby sage brush; what resembled large lakes of clear blue water, were only dry arid deserts, and what seemed tall forests were but low greace-wood or grass and tule. Every person who has crossed the plains has witnessed, more or less exhibitions of this hallucination called mirage, and many of the early emigrants were wofully deceived, in their search for water where there were only dry alkaline deserts. And I have heard that even cattle have wandered off in quest of those beautiful looking sheets of glassy water. I can hardly credit this tale, for cattle do not search for water by sense of sight. But to the road, we reached the wells, as it is called, over one hundred miles from Star City about four o'clock P. M. on the third day. This is a new well, lately dug by Mr. Coffman, one of the road proprietors, in a valley or low gorge or gulch running close under a sandy mountain, the well is not deep and affords an abundance of good and remarkably cool water for such a barren desert country.

Through here we pass over a mile or two of sand, the only heavy sand on this road, which is the best one across the State to the upper Humboldt or Idaho, most of the distance a natural and magnificent wagon road over which the heaviest laden wagons can pass without difficulty, or a single horse and buggy could be driven with ease and alacrity, it is lately taking nearly all the travel. Two and one half miles from the wells, I shook hands with my friend Neal, bade him "good by," turned to the right, and wallowed through six miles of deep heavy sand, to the lower crossing of the Truckee which I reached at dark. C.

BLOOD FOR BREAKFAST.

MR. EDITOR:—Will you allow me, through your columns, to give the details of an incident which occurred to me on Sunday last, while making a call upon a lady (?) residing in Dutch Flat. I noticed upon the wall a portrait of Washington, and made the remark that it was a fine picture, and that few families in America were without one. She replied, "Yes, it is a fine picture; and there are no more men in the United States like him." I modestly spoke of Lincoln, and said that, in many respects, he was the equal of Washington; that though neither were brilliant men, both were noted for their honesty and friendship to the poor. The lady (heaven save the mark) turned up her nose, and said "she wished all those who voted for Lincoln and for freeing the niggers had to go and live with them." I quietly remarked, "Why you must be secesh!" She replied, "I'll tell you what kind of a woman I am. I am like the lady down on Cañon Creek, who said she would like to drink two quarts of Black Republican blood every morning before breakfast, and those are my sentiments."

It is almost needless, in a community like ours, to say that such fiendish sentiments are entertained by but few. But, sir, when a female unsexes herself by the expression of such "sentiments," it is time for all men and women who have any regard for christianity or respect for the pure life and noble, self-sacrificing actions of our late President, to proscribe such fiends in petticoats as the virago alluded to above. After being made aware of the hellish disposition of this "garter-snake," I very soon took my departure, and shook the damnable dust of her door-step from my feet, and would walk in a different direction were a kind Providence to envelope her and her residence in consuming flames. In order that innocent persons may not be suspected of this outrage upon the feelings of the decent people of this place, I hereby furnish the initials of her name, which is supposed by most of our people to be WIDOW LAWRENCE. I hope, for the sake of decency, that all people when coming near her will manifest for her the contempt and disgust due her crimes. Yours, J. T. M.

The above may be considered pretty severe, but when all the circumstances are considered, the abandoned and malign nature of the individual alluded to, it is no more than is due, and were all who entertain the feelings expressed treated in a similar manner, we would hear of less sympathy for the cutthroats who have been fighting against justice and humanity.

FESTIVAL.—There will be a Fair and Festival next Tuesday evening, May 30th, for the purpose of helping to raise the salary of Rev. Mr. Northup, pastor of the Methodist Episcopal Church of this place. All are cordially invited to assist and attend. A large quantity of strawberries have been engaged and arrangements are in progress to have ice-cream by the wholesale.

THE party had on Thursday evening was veay well attended, and the participants appeared to enjoy themselves to the fullest extent. For an impromptu affair it was all that could have been expected.

IT is hereby intimated that Burckhalter has the finest lot of standing and hanging lamps ever brought to this market, together with thousands of groceries and tons of provisions. Those who want to buy had better make a note of this item.

THE great race which came off on Tuesday at San Francisco, between Lodi and Norfolk, was won by Norfolk. The race was well attended, and the betting spirited.

GOLD RUN is being rapidly built up with hotels and store-houses that reflect credit upon the enterprising citizens of that thriving village.

MESSRS. WHITE & BAUER. news-agents of San Francisco, will please accept our thanks for a bundle of eastern papers, pictorials and magazines by the last steamer.

THE Committee appointed by the citizens for the proper celebration of the coming National Anniversary, met on Monday evening last, and appointed the various sub-committees. The following is a synopsis of the proceedings of the Committee:

On motion, Allen Towle, E. B. Boust, J. Y. Thomas and Joseph Gardner were added to the Committee of Arrangements.

Subscription Committee—M. S. Gardner, Allen Towle, Henry Runckel, A. M. Jewell, J. Y. Thomas.

Committee on Music and Decoration—[illegible], B. H. Bartlett, W. H. Hillhouse. F. Burckhalter, added.

Committee on Orator, Reading and Printing—W. H. Hillhouse, E. B. Boust and J. M. Garoutte.

On motion, the Committee appointed to solicit subscriptions was requested to report on Thursday, June 1st.

The following resolution was offered and unanimously adopted:

RESOLVED, That the citizens of Iowa Hill and vicinity and the citizens of Little York, You Bet, Red Dog and vicinities be and they are hereby cordially invited to cooperate with the citizens of Dutch Flat and Gold Run in the celebration of the coming anniversary of our National Independence.

On motion, adjourned to meet on the 1st of June at 8 o'clock, P. M.

F. BURCKHALTER, Chairman.

E. B. BOUST, Sec'y.

THIS WAY GENTLEMEN.—B. Lachman invites your attention for a few moments in order to examine his clothing which he has just opened opposite Blais' stone store, which he offers to sell at a small advance on San Francisco prices.

MARRIED.

On the 24th inst., by E. Aubury, J. P., Mr. S. F. Rhodes, of Virginia, Nev., to Miss Hattie N. Barrett, of Dutch Flat.

In Sacramento, at Toll's Hotel, May 18th, by Rev. W. H. Hill, Mr. WM. H. KEELER to Miss SUSIE A. PEDLER, both of Dutch Flat.

GROCESIES AND PROVISIONS.

FAIR AND FESTIVAL.

THE LADIES OF THIS PLACE WILL HOLD A Fair and Festival for the purpose of procuring money to assist in raising the salary of the Rev. C. H. Northup, the resident minister of the Method. Episcopal Church, on Tuesday evening next, May 30th.

A general invitation is extended to all to attend. 1t

JOSIAH VAN BUREN'S
BAR AND BILLIARD SALOON,
Gold Run, Cal.

THE FINEST WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS constantly on hand, and every attention paid to those who may favor him with a call. my'71f

CALIFORNIA POWDER AGENCY.

I HAVE THE AGENCY OF THE EUREKA POWDER COMPANY for the following places:
Dutch Flat, Gold Run, Little York, You Bet, Red Dog, etc.

Merchants wishing Eureka Powder will be furnished at Agents' rates, and freight from San Francisco.
my27tf F. BURCKHALTER.

NAILS,
Miners' Tools,
Hardware,
Blasting Powder,
Tin Ware,
And a general assortment of
Family Groceries and Provisions.
my27tf BURCKHALTER'S.

CROCKERY, GLASS AND STONE-WARE, AT Wholesale, at
my27tf BURCKHALTER'S.

SAZERAC BRANDY—OLD BRAND—AT wholesale, at
my27tf BURCKHALTER'S.

OLD RYE AND BOURBON WHISKEY—Pure article, at wholesale, at
my27tf BURCKHALTER'S.

50,000 CIGARS at wholesale at
BURCKHALTER'S.
my27tf

TOBACCO—The largest stock in town, at
[my27tf] BURCKHALTER'S.

KEROSENE STAND LAMPS,
HANG LAMPS,
At Wholesale, at [my27tf] BRACKET LAMPS,
BURCKHALTER'S.

LAMP CHIMNEYS, All sizes;
" BURNERS, "
" FOUNTS, "
" WICKS, "
" SHADES, etc.,
my27tf at BURCKHALTER'S.

KEROSENE OIL,
Castor Oil,
Neat's Foot Oil,
Boiled Oil,
Raw Oil,
Turpentine,
Window Glass,
Window Sash,
White Lead,
my27tf at BURCKHALTER'S.

FAMILY GROCERY STORE,
AT FRIEDMAN'S OLD STAND,
MAIN SRREET, DUTCH FLAT.

THANKFUL FOR THE PATRONAGE HERETOfore bestowed upon him, respectfully announces that he continues to keep on hand a full assortment of
Family and Miners' Groceries,
Can and Preserved Fruits,
Oysters, Lobsters and Sardines.
Fresh Vegetables, all kinds,
Powder, Fuse and Nails,
Crockery, Earthen and Tin ware.
With every other article for family use, which is prepared to sell at prices that cannot fail to satisfy. Every accommodation afforded to customers.
my27tf G. S. MAKER.

NOTICE.—The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the CENTRAL PACIFIC RAILROAD COMPANY OF CALIFORNIA, will be held at the office of the Company, in the city of Sacramento, on the ELEVENTH DAY OF JULY, 1865.
my27-td E. H. MILLER, Jr., Secretary.

OLIVER LEPPER,
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURER.
MAIN STREET, NEXT TO BED ROCK SALOON.

Repairing done in the best manner, and at reasonable prices. my27tf

SOCIAL BALL.

PHILIP FARR WILL GIVE A SOCIAL Ball at his house, corner of Sacramento and Stockton streets,

On Monday Evening, June 5th, 1865.

Everthing will be prepared for the accommodation and enjoyment of those who may attend.
The best music has been engaged.
Tickets for Dance and Supper $2 50,
my20 2w.

VALUABLE TO EVERYBODY.

TO ANY PERSON WHO WILL SEND ME ONE Dollar in U. S. Currency, or its equivalent in coin or Postage Stamps, I will forward information by which an indispensable article of daily use can be manufactured by any ordinarily intelligent person, who can make on an investment of Fifteen or Twenty Dollars, FOUR to FIVE DOLLARS PER DAY, and it is worth for individual use ten times what the information costs.
Address, C. O. LEVANWAY,
my27 6m P. O. Box 632, San Francisco.

☞ The best remedy for Rheumatism is Hall's Sarsaparilla, Yellow Dock and Iodide of Potass.

UNITED STATES 7-30 LOAN.

BY AUTHORITY OF THE SECRETARY OF THE Treasury, the undersigned has assumed the General Subscription Agency for the sale of United States Treasury Notes, bearing seven and three-tenths per cent. interest per annum, known as the

SEVEN-THIRTY LOAN.

These Notes are issued under date June 15th, 1865, and are payable three years from that time, in currency, or are convertible, at the option of the holder, into

United States 5-20 Six per cent.
GOLD BEARING BONDS

These bonds are now worth a premium of nine per cent. including gold interest from November, which makes the actual profit on the 7-30 loan at current rates, including interest, about 10 per cent. per annum, besides its EXEMPTION FROM STATE AND MUNICIPAL TAXATION, WHICH ADDS FROM ONE TO THREE PER CENT. MORE, according to the rate levied on other property. The interest is payable in currency semi-annually, by coupons attached to each note, which may be cut off and sold to any bank or banker.

The interest amounts to
One cent per day on a $50 note.
Two cents per day on a $100 note.
Ten cents per day on a $500 note.
Twenty cents per day on a $1,000 note.
One dollar per day on a $5,000 note.

Notes of all denominations named will be promptly furnished upon receipt of subscriptions. This is

THE ONLY LOAN IN MARKET

now offered by the Government, and it is confidently expected that its superior advantages will make it the

Great Popular Loan of the People.

Less than $300,000,000 of the loan authorized by the last Congress, are now on the market.

This amount at the rate at which it is being absorbed, will all be subscribed for within four months, when the notes will undoubtedly command a premium, as has uniformly been the case on closing the subscriptions to other Loans.

In order that citizens of every town and section of the country may be afforded facilities for taking the loans, the National Bank, State Banks, and Private Bankers throughout the country have generally agreed to receive subscriptions at par. Subscribers will select their own agents, in whom they have confidence, and who only are to be responsible for the delivery of the notes for which they receive orders.

JAY COOKE,
Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.
March 25, 1865. ma6-3m2p

ADDENDUM.

PER OVERLAND TELEGRAPH:

PHILADELPHIA, May 17th, 1865.

2d Series all sold. Commenced on third Series. Two Hundred and Thirty Millions (230,000,000) precisely like other two Series, except dated 15th July, and Government reserves the right to pay six per cent. in Gold instead of 7-30 Currency.

JAY COOKE.
Subscription Agent, Philadelphia.

STATE OF CALIFORNIA.

PROCLAMATION BY FREDERICK F. LOW, Governor.

"I HUMBLED MY SOUL WITH FASTING, AND MY PRAYER RETURNED INTO MINE OWN BOSOM."
"I BEHAVED MYSELF AS THOUGH HE HAD BEEN MY FRIEND OR BROTHER."

When calamity or sorrow visits us, it is becoming that we should bow before the Lord in humility and ask for Divine guidance in our trails and wisdom to understand his chastenings.

We, as a people, are afflicted by the untimely death of him who was the friend and guardian of the nation; and it is meet that we should come before God with fasting and prayer, and ask His divine protection and support in this our time of need,

Therefore, in accordance with the Proclamation of the President of the United States, and in obedience with the earnest desires of a sorrowful people, I do appoint

Thursday, the First of June next,

As a day of Fasting, Humiliation and Prayer; and I do enjoin upon the people of this State that, laying aside all secular employment, they assemble in their accustomed places of worship on that day, and with penitent hearts, bow before Almighty God, confess their sins as individuals and as a people, and humbly pray that the Great Ruler of the Universe may sanctify the Nation's loss to its ultimate good.

Let us implore His blessing upon those who are in authority, that they may have the strength to bear the burdens imposed upon them; that they may see the path of duty clearly, and taking counsel of "him that has gone before," have the courage to sustain the right and oppose the wrong.

Let us entreat His blessings upon our Army and Navy, through whose labors, sufferings and sacrifices the life of the Nation was saved.

Let us supplicate Him that He may comfort and preserve the thousands of brave men now languishing in our hospitals, and speedily restore them in health to their homes, to receive a Nation's homage and gratitude.

Let us invoke his fostering care to sustain the widow and the fatherless who mourn the loss of their earthly protectors, fallen in the shock of battle.

Let us seek His blessings upon our State, and pray that He will enable us to preserve peace and good order within our borders.

And, finally, let us pray that the year may be crowned with a peace that will last forever; that the industry of the country may be restored again to its accustomed channels; that liberty may be firmly established throughout the land, and prosperity be the lot of a united and happy people.

(L. S.) In witness whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the State to be affixed, this 8th day of May, A. D. 1865.

FRED'K F. LOW, Governor.

Attest, B. B. REDDING, Secretary of State. my20d

RATTLESNAKE GOLD AND SILVER MINING Company, Excelsior District, Nevada county, California.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Trustees of the above named Company, held at the company's office in Dutch Flat, on the 15th day of May, 1865, an assessment of ten cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable to the Secretary, at his office in Dutch Flat, in United States gold or silver coin. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 15th day of June, 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment be made before, will be sold on the 1st day of July, 1865, to pay the delinquent assessments together with the costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

T. J. NICHOLS, Secretary.

Dutch Flat, May 15, 1865. 1m

WASHINGTON GOLD, SILVER AND COPPER MINING COMPANY—Excelsior District, Nevada County.—Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the trustees of said Company, held on the 11th day of May, 1865, an assessment of Ten (10) Cents per share was levied upon the capital stock of said company, payable immediately in U. S. gold coin to the Secretary, at his office in Dutch Flat, Placer county, Cal. Any stock upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 10th day of June 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made on or before, will be sold on Saturday, the 14th day of June, 1865, to pay delinquent assessment, together with cost of advertising and expenses of sale.

JOHN PAMSGUARD,
May 11th, 1865. 1m Secretary.

LEBANON MINING COMPANY.—Mine and works located on Prospect Hill, Placer county, California. Notice is hereby given that at a meeting of the Board of Trustees of said Company held on Thursday, the 27th day of April, 1865, an assessment of Three Dollars (03) per share was levied upon each and every share of the capital stock of said Company, payable on or before the 28th day of May, 1865, to the Secretary, in United States gold coin, at his office on Prospect Hill, Placer county. Any stock or share upon which said assessment shall remain unpaid on the 28th day of May, 1865, will be advertised on that day as delinquent, and unless payment shall be made before, will be sold on the 20th day of June, 1865, to pay the delinquent assessment, together with costs of advertising and expenses of sale.

H. D. KELLEY, Sec'y.

Prospect Hill, April 28, 1865. my20d

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

DUTCH FLAT, May 26th, 1865.

EDITOR ENQUIRER:—Sir: I have just received a letter from a friend in the Humboldt River country in the State of Nevada giving a thrilling account of continued Indian depredations in that quarter. Your readers will remember a short time since our old townsman Charlie Parker gave them an account through the ENQUIRER of a fight which Captain Wells had with a camp of Indians near Pyramid Lake, in which he killed about thirty of their number, losing only one man, who died after returning to Fort Churchill from having been struck across the breast with a gun or club. Since that time the Pah-Ute Indians who inhabit a large section of country, have been active in murdering settlers and travelers and driving off stock. It is believed they are led on and incited by white men for there is many renegades among the different tribes inhabiting the north and northeast portions of the State, men of indifferent principles who have prospected all over that country with little or no success, have become reckless and abandoned, joined the natives, and by their aid are gathering up large herds of stock, which they will no doubt find market for in Oregon and Idaho. Immediately after the above engagement, Lieutenant Wolverton with fifty mounted men was ordered to Paradise Valley, where three of the settlers had been murdered, mutilated and partially burned, and about four hundred cattle stolen, about the same time a Mr. Regan, one of the most substantial men of Humboldt county, was murdered within a few miles of Dun Glen, on his return from Reese River, a week later I had the honor of meeting Captain Wells at Dun Glen where he joined Wolverton's command with one hundred well-appointed cavalry. The men were very brave while in town, but they *won't* fight, unless Wells is with them. Wolverton scared the Indians from Paradise Valley, but refused to follow and recapture the stock. Lieutenant Littlefield with sixty men met about the same number of Indians a few days ago, they bantered him for a fight and he ordered a retreat. (He is as notorious for that move as General Sigel; he retreats from every foe except the "critter.") consequently the red-skins are becoming "heap" brave. About the twelfth of this month they attacked seven men at Cunningham's Ranch, (in what is known as the second east range; the third range of mountans east from the river) about midnight. The men unroofed the house to prevent it from being fired, remaining inside they kept the Indians at bay, while C. mounted a horse which stood near, and rode for help through a storm of bullets and arrows. He made his way to Star City, twenty-four miles, across two wide sandy valleys, over one range of mountains, through thorny sage brush, most of the distance without any road, in the incredible short time of one hour and a half. Sun rise found a squad of the Humboldt Rangers (citizen soldiers) at the scene of action. Indians gone with one hundred and fifty head of stock, and the boys all alive. After refreshing their horses, they started in pursuit, retook one hundred head of cattle, but having no provisions were obliged to return without overtaking the thieves, who fled in great haste. Give us the citizens in an Indian country, it takes regulars too long to saddle their horses. C.

NEW ROAD.—The road connecting Grass Valley with Clipper Gap, is now completed and open for travel. It is said to be an excellent road, the grades being light, and the finish of the first order. This road will accommodate most of the people residing in the northern portion of Nevada county, bringing Grass Valley and Nevada within twelve and sixteen miles, respectively, of the railroad dépot at Clipper Gap as soon as the cars run up that far, which, we understand, will be about the 15th of next month.

CLEAR.—The Dutch Flat and Donner Lake Wagon Road is now clear of snow, the California Company's coaches being able to run through to Virginia City. By-the-bye, the stages are making excellent time now from Virginia to this place, beating all other routes by some hours.

RATES OF TOLL.—On Thursday, May 4th, the Board of Supervisors established the following rates of toll to be charged on the Dutch Flat and Donner Lake Wagon Road, one toll gate near this place, one at Polly's Station, and one at Donner Lake:

One animal and vehicle	$5 00
Two " "	9 00
Four " "	11 00
Six " "	13 00
Eight " "	15 00
Ten " "	17 00
For each additional animal in team	1 00
For each horseman	75
For each pack animal	50
Loose stock, horses mules or cattle	50
For hogs and sheep	25

The above rates of toll payable in gold or silver coin.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE AT MOORE'S FLAT.—A destructive fire says the Nevada *Trascript* of the 20th instant, took place at Moore's Flat yesterday by which one-third of the business portion of the town was destroyed. It is said that the fire was the work of an incendiary. This is the second attempt to burn that place, a fire having been once before kindled in the back part of Joslyn & Parazett's saloon, but it was extinguished before any damage was done. This last attempt was more successful. About 3 o'clock yesterday morning the fire was discovered in the back part of the hotel kept by W. R. Morrow and owned by H. M. Moore. It spread rapidly and though the citizens worked like Trojans the flames soon enveloped the building. They had no protection against fire save tanks from which the water has to be taken in buckets. The fire soon spread down Main street, destroying the entire block situated on the north side of that street. The flames were prevented from crossing the street by hard work, though it is probable that but for the rain which fell on Friday morning nothing would have saved the town.

The total loss of property cannot be less than twenty-five or thirty thousand dollars. We hope that the villain who is guilty of causing this destruction of property may be found and brought to punishment.

IT IS NOT GENERALLY KNOWN, or appreciated that nearly all diseases have their origin in the blood. If the blood is impure, circulating humors through the whole body, the brain and nerves becomes affected, with loss of memory, loss of sleep, palpitations, irregularities of all kinds, weaknesses, flows, deranged bladder and kidneys—all the secretions become deranged, the organs cease their proper offices, and seated disease sets in. If you would get well, or avoid sickness, cleanse the blood with that great medicine, Le Doyen's Sarsaparilla, Iodine Alterative. Crane & Brigham, agents. Sold here by Dr. D. W. Strong.

SENTENCED.—Wm. McDonald convicted of arson in the second degree at the present term of the County Court, of Nevada County, was, on the 19th, sentenced to ten years imprisonment at San Quentin. It will be remembered that the foundry of C. M. Taylor was destroyed by fire. McDonald had been previously discharged by Taylor. A workman at the foundry joined the prisoner after the fire and pretended to be down on Taylor. McDonald in time disclosed his secret to the detective and was arrested upon the charge, convicted and yesterday sentenced. The prisoner when asked if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed declared that he was a stranger, and that this was a conspiracy against him, but the Judge "didn't see it in that light" and after giving McDonald the full extent of the law hinted he would have done more if it were possible.

INDUCEMENTS OFFERED TO IMMIGRANTS FOR MEXICO.

We publish below the inducements offered by the Liberal Government of Mexico to foreigners who are willing to aid the Constitutional Government in expelling the invaders from that country. The *Enterprise* says that the "immigration to Mexico by the termination of the war in the United States impels us to publish the decree of President Juarez in relation to bounties. In the East, enlistments for service in the Constitutional armies of Mexico are progressing at the rate of hundreds daily, and two or three companies have already been organized in San Francisco, whose first pleasing duty will probably consist in driving the French out of Mazatlan and flanking them out of Northern Mexico. In the Atlantic States the warriors of the North are enrolling themselves as 'emigrants'—as 'agriculturists'—as poetically-disposed Quakers anxious to retire to the quietus of farm-life—but in California they are enlisting with intent avowedly hostile. General Ochoa, a special Commissioner of the Juarez Government, arrived at San Francisco last Tuesday, and rumor says the object of his mission is to raise ten or fifteen thousand men—as 'agriculturists,' we believe—to make a temporary settlement in Sonora and Chihuahua. Below is the decree to which we have alluded:

Benito Juarez, Constitutional President of the United States of Mexico, to his fellow-citizens, greeting:

In the exercise of the ample faculties with which I am invested, I have deemed it proper to resolve in Cabinet Council, a decree, as follows:

ARTICLE 1. To all foreigners who may present themselves armed with the arms requisite for infantry, or cavalry, in order to serve the Constitutional Government in the defense of the Independence of Mexico and its republican institutions, there shall be given, in addition to the pay assigned by law to the army, a bounty in land at the termination of the war, or whenever they become unfit for military service.

ART. 2. This bounty shall be of the value of one thousand dollars for all private soldiers and non-commissioned officers, of the value of one thousand five hundred dollars for all officers from the grade of sub-lieutenant, or ensign to that of captain; and of the value of two thousand dollars for superior officers.

ART. 3. The lands destined for these bounties shall be the Government unappropriated lands, the confiscated lands of all those guilty of the crime of treason, according to the law of the sixteenth of August, 1863, or any other lands considered as national property.

ART. 4. The value of the unappropriated lands shall be estimated according to the assessment existing at the time of the granting of the bounty; and the value of the confiscated lands, and of the others considered as national property, according to their respective valuations.

ART. 5. In order to promote the division of property the largest extent of land that will be given to one person shall be the fourth part of a Mexican square league, or else the fourth part of an ordinary grazing farm, the difference being made up in number, or by other property, if the value of the land does not reach one thousand, one thousand five hundred, or two thousand dollars, as the case may be.

ART. 6. The unappropriated lands that may be acquired in conformity with this law, and all the improvements that may be made upon them, shall be exempted from the payment of all taxes for five years. As soon as there shall be fifty persons congregated as residents thereon, they shall have the right of forming themselves into a township, with the right of electing their municipal authorities; and then such grants shall be made to them as may seem convenient for the progress and development of the township.

ART. 7. In accordance with existing legislation all foreigners who present themselves for service in the army of the Republic shall immediately become Mexican citizens, with all the rights and obligations of such citizens.

ART. 8. The acceptance of the services of such foreigners shall be by the Supreme Government, by the Governors or military commanders of the States, or by the commanders-in-chief; and registries are to be kept in which are to be written the names and appellations of the foreigners that present themselves, their descriptions, and the day on which they enter the service. Of those registries, copies are to be given to the parties interested, and the necessary duplicates in case of the loss of the former copies.

ART. 9. The authorities before mentioned, whenever they deem it proper, may admit unarmed foreigners into the public service, to whom in such case there shall be given a bounty of nine hundred dollars, in land, at the end of the war, or whenever they become incapacitated for military duty.

ART. 10. Those who desert, or who for any other proper reason shall be dismissed from the service, shall lose all right to the bounty herein offered.

ART. 11. The presentation of the documents mentioned in Article 8, together with the requisite proof of having continued in the service until the termination of the war, or until they have been incapacitated for military duty, shall give to those presenting them the full right to obtaining the bounty.

ART. 12. In the same certificates such distinguished services shall be recorded as those may have performed who present them in order that they may receive the special recompense which they merit.

Wherefore, I order that this decree be printed, published, circulated and duly carried into effect.

Given at the Palace of the National Government at Monterey, on the 11th of August, 1861.

BENITO JUAREZ.

To JOSE MARIA IGLESIAS,
Minister of Justice and Public Instruction.

GOOD TO HAVE.—We mean that excellent cider presented us on Tuesday last by Johnson, the accommodating vender of harmless beverages manufactured by A. J. Farrell, of Grass Valley. Those who prefer soda and cider to stronger or intoxicating drinks can be accommodated by notifying the man of the soda wagon. The lot we got was truly "magnif."

NEW CLOTHING STORE,
ESTABLISHED IN DUTCH FLAT,
Main street, opposite Blais' Stone Building,

B. LACHMAN

RESPECTFULLY INVITES THE ATTENTION of citizens and friends in this town, and vicinity to his large and well selected stock of

CLOTHING,

Consisting of
Coats, Pants and Vests,
Shirts of every Description.
Also a full assortment of
Boys' Clothing,
Hats and Caps,
Boots and Shoes,
Furnishing Goods,

Of every description, selected expressly for this market. Those in want of Clothing at
Reasonable Prices and the latest Fashions,
are most respectfully invited to call and examine my stock before purchasing elsewhere.
my27tf

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

THEODORE SCHUBERT & CO.,
BOOT AND SHOE MANUFACTURERS,
MAIN STREET, OPPOSITE THE BREWERY.

HAVING MADE ARRANGEMENTS BY which they are enabled to manufacture
BOOTS AND SHOES
Almost as low as they can be purchased in the stores, desire to inform the citizens of Dutch Flat and surrounding places that they will manufacture
Gents' Fine Dress Boots,
Of the best quality, and from $8 to $12, and
All Work Guaranteed.
We have received a lot of the New Patent Lasts, and gentlemen troubled with corns can have Boots made in such a manner as will secure them ease and comfort
REPAIRING DONE in the best manner, as usual.
Those in want of anything in our line are hereby requested to call. my27tf

PLACER COUNTY INSTITUTE.

THE SIXTH SESSION OF THE PLACER COUNty Teachers' Institute will be held in Auburn, commencing
TUESDAY, JUNE 27TH, 1865.
The County Board of Examination will meet each day during the session of the Institute. Teachers having Temporary Certificates, and those whose certificates have expired, will please be present for examination. The County Superintendent *will not renew the Certificates of those who do not attend the Institute.*
The services of the following well known Educators have been secured to assist in the exercises of the Institute:
HON. JOHN SWEFT, State Supt. of Pub. Instruction.
PROF. AHIRA HOLMES, Principal of the State Normal School.
PROF. E. KNOWLTON, Teacher of Elocution and Gymnastics.
HON. J. E. BENTON, of Sacramento county.
HON. S. A. SMITH, Supt. of Sacramento county.
REV. W. H. HILL, Supt. of City Schools, Sacramento.
Trustees, Teachers, Parents, and Friends of Education generally, are invited to attend and take part in the exercises of the Institute.
A. H. GOODRICH,
ap22td Supt. Pub. Schools.

BOOK-KEEPING.

MR. BROWN, HAVING HAD FIFTEEN YEARS experience in the art of
Practical Book-keeping,
Has opened a class in Dutch Flat for instruction in this useful acquirement.
Rooms in Dutch Flat, opposite the corner of Main and Sacramento streets.
TERMS—Twelve Lessons, Six Dollars.
The class will meet regularly on each Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday evenings, at 7½ o'clock.
my20 1m

PLACER BREWERY.
Corner of Main and Sacramento Streets.
FRED. GROHS.......................PROPLIETOR.
THE PROPRIETOR DESIRES TO INFORM THE public that he continues to brew
Lager Beer of the Best Quality,
And is also engaged in
DISTILLING WHISKY
From sound Barley. This Whisky has the reputation of possessing rare medicinal qualities, and no family should be without it. my27tf

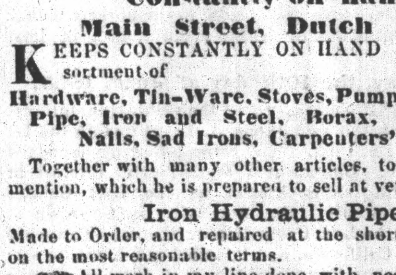
DRY GOODS, CLOTHING, &c.

COMPETITION DEFIED!
NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!!
ADLER & HUDEPOHL,
STONE STORE, Main Street, Dutch Flat.
HAVING JUST RETURNED FROM SAN FRANcisco where they purchased a large assortment of Ladies' and Gentlemen's
FURNISHING GOODS,
Would respectfully call the attention of the Ladies and Gentlemen of this place, to their Large Assortment. They are determined not to be undersold, and will endeavor to keep
THE BEST GOODS
That can be obtained in the market, both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC. They have at present every description of
FANCY DRY GOODS, and GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!
Call and examine for yourselves. Our MOTTO is to PLEASE. apr-29-tf

DRY GOODS!
CORNER OF STOCKTON AND MAIN STREETS.
L. WURSBURG & BRO.
RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE TO THE PEOPLE of Dutch Flat and neighboring places that they are prepared to open their fine assortment of
Fancy and Staple Dry-Goods,
At the corner of Main and Stockton streets, two doors above the Dutch Flat Hotel, where they invite all, especially the Ladies, to call and examine their really superior stock of
Ladies' Furnishing Goods,
Together with an excellent stock of Gentlemen's Goods,
Hats, Boots and Shoes,
Of every description, and of the latest styles, cheap.
Call in at the New Store. my13tf

NEW ARRANGEMENT.
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS!
HENRY LE CAMP,
DESIRES TO INFORM HIS FRIENDS AND THE public that having purchased the interest of his late partner, Mr. R. Hudepohl, he has just received from below a splendid lot of
Gentlemen's Clothing,
Consisting of Entire Suits, Hats, Boots, Undershirts, Handkerchiefs,
and every article necessary for a gentleman's wardrobe. Also, a large assortment of
Ladies' and Misses' Shoes,
Which he will sell as cheap as can be bought. He warrants all articles. Call and examine for yourselves.
my6tf

BOOKS, STATIONARY, CIGARS,
--AT THE--
POSTOFFICE NEWS DEPOT.
THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING PURCHASED THE interest of his former partner, Mr. Gross, has just returned from San Francisco where he purchased a full assortment of the
Best Havana Cigars,
Finest Chewing Tobacco,
Genuine Meerschaum Pipes,
School and Miscellaneous Books,
Blank Books and Stationary,
Of every description and price. A very excellent assortment of
Fine Cutlery, Guns, Pistols, and Gold Pens,
Together with a fine supply of
Toilette Articles, Perfumes, Etc.,
all of which he is prepared to sell at prices that defy competion—for cash. Give me a call in your wanderings.
ma6 tf JOHN H. BOKE.

WM. H. HILLHOUSE,
Tin, Sheet-Iron and Copper-ware Manufacturer.
Iron Hydraulic Pipe,
Nails, Spikes, Axes, Augers,

Constantly on hand.
Main Street, Dutch Flat.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND A GOOD ASsortment of
Hardware, Tin-Ware, Stoves, Pumps, Rope, Lead Pipe, Iron and Steel, Borax, Horse-shoe Nails, Sad Irons, Carpenters' Tools.
Together with many other articles, too numerous to mention, which he is prepared to sell at very low prices.
Iron Hydraulic Pipe
Made to Order, and repaired at the shortest notice, and on the most reasonable terms.
All work in my line done with neatness and dispatch. apr15-tf

DUTCH FLAT SAW MILL.
THE ABOVE SAW MILL being the oldest established mill now in operation in the vicinity of Dutch Flat, having been lately repaired, is now capable of cutting lumber equal to the most celebrated mills in Placer county. We have on hand a general assortment of seasoned and green lumber, hard and soft lumber, and having
Reduced the Prices
to correspond with the times, will sell as LOW if not a *little* lower than any other Saw Mill in this vicinity.
We are now receiving in the yard a large and superior lot of saw logs, and can fill orders for lumber with dispatch of all usual dimensions, varying in length from 10 to 30 feet.
Being situated within a few hundred yards of Dutch Flat, and convenient to most of the valuable mining claims, offer superior inducements to
Builders and Miners,
Who will find it to their interest to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere.
Lumber delivered to any point within ten miles.
ALLEN TOWLE.
Dutch Flat, June 21th, 1860. tf

JUST RECEIVED!
DR. D. W. STRONG,
Druggist and Pharmaceutist,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.
HAS JUST RECEIVED AT THE DUTCH FLAT Drug Store, a large and well selected stock of
FRESH DRUGS, MEDICINES, CHEMICALS, ESSENTIAL OILS, ECLECTIC AND PATENT MEDICINES, TRUSSES, SUSPENSARIES, HAIR OILS, PERFUMERY, COMBS, BRUSHES, STATIONERY, FINE CIGARS, TOBACCO, etc. etc.
Also:
WHITE LEAD, PAINT OILS, GLASS, PUTTY, VARNISHES and TURPENTINE.
Besides a large assortment of COAL OIL, Lamps, and Kerosene Lamp Chimneys.
All of which will be disposed of
Cheap for Cash.
Cheaper than any other establishment in the county.
All the goods are of the best quality, and have been selected with the greatest care, and purchasers can therefore rely upon obtainining a good article at a less cost than a poor article would be sold for elsewhere. CALL AND SEE.
In connection with the above, I intend keeping on hand at all times a good assortment of
Fine Watches and Jewelry.
Which will be sold at lower prices than can be bought elsewhere in the State. apr1tf

WM. H. KEELER,
WATCHMAKER AND JEWELER,
HAS JUST ARRIVED FROM SAN FRANCISCO with a superb assortment of
Watches and Jewelry
Which he offers at San Francisco prices and charges.
Watches and Chronometers
Repaired and regulated at the shortest notice and in a scientific manner. Orders received for the manufacture of
Silver Ware
And all other articles in his line furnished at prices to suit the times. de31-1y

WHITE LEAD,
WINDOW SASH,
WINDOW GLASS,
PUTTY,
Of all sizes, the largest stock in town, at
mh25tf BURCKHALTER'S.

A Full Assortment of
PAINTS,
OILS,
AND
PAINT BRUSHES
Of every description, cheap for cash, at
mh25tf. BURCKHALTER'S.

DUTCH FLAT BAKERY.
SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET.
HENRY RUNKLE.....................PROPRIETOR
THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS OLD ESTABlished Bakery tenders his thanks to the citizens of Dutch Flat and neighborhood for the very liberal and generous patronage heretofore bestowed and assures them that he will endeavor to keep up the reputation of his establishment.
Fresh Bread, Cakes and Pies
always on hand. He is also prepared to furnish to families and miners every Saturday with
Fresh Brown Bread.
Persons wishing it fresh will please leave their orders.
jan10-v4-tf

PLACER BUTCHER SHOP.
Corner of Sacramento and Main streets,
Dutch Flat, Cal.
THE UNDERSIGNED, having purchased this Favorite Market, will keep always on hand the best
Beef, Pork, Mutton and Home-made Sausage,
Which will be supplied to customers at the lowest market rates. Every accommodation guaranteed to the public.
April 8, 1865. tf CONRAD ROTH.

J. HUGHES,
BOOT AND SHOEMAKER,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.
RESPECTFULLY INFORMS THE CITIzens of this place and the public generally that he has opened a shop for the
Manufacture of Boots and Shoes,
TWO DOORS BELOW THE THEATER,
Where he is prepared to execute every description of work in his line at the shortest notice.
Particular attention paid to repairing. apr15tf

OFFICIAL.

THE PHŒNIX INSURANCE COMPANY,
OF
HARTFORD, CONN.,
IN 1865.
Devoted to FIRE INSURANCE exclusively.

CASH CAPITAL,	$600,000 00
CASH ASSETS,	925,902 97

Invested in California, $132,832 62.

THE OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS OF THIS COMpany have the pleasure of presenting to their patrons and the public generally, their SEMI-ANNUAL SWORN STATEMENT of the financial condition of the PHŒNIX,
On the Second day of January, 1865.

ASSETS:

Cash on hand, in Bank, and due from Agents	$144,250
United States Securities	115,030
Loans on approved securities	100,240
(Of which $25,082 62 is invested in California.)	
New York State Stocks	95,980
Hartford Bank Stocks	159,900
Miscellaneous Bank Stocks	43,500
Connecticut State Bands	102,000
Hartford City Bonds	11,000
California State Bonds	41,250
San Francisco, City and County Bonds	62,500
Other State, City and Water Bonds	35,700
Ohio State Stockz of 1870	10,400
Accumulated Interest on Loans	4,152
Market Value of Assets	$925,902 97

The PHŒNIX paid Losses during 1864 to amount of
$370,000,
And pain them PROMPTLY, too.
Losses Paid in U. S. Gold Coin.
Authorized Resident Agents at each prominent place, who ALONE are authorized to solicit risks for this Company.
BRANCH OFFICE, SAN FRANCISCO,
R. H. MAGILL, Gen'l Agt.
Policies issued by this careful and conservative Company, on all classes of desirable property, at rates as low as the nature of the hazard will admit of, by
B. F. MOORE,
mar11 3m Resident Agent.

BLANKS! BLANKS!!
AN EXCELLENT assortment of Legal Blanks just printed at the EQUIRER office, such as
DEEDS, MORTGAGES, SUMMONS, EXECUTIONS, ATTACHMENTS, WARRANTS, CRIMINAL COMPLAINTS AND SUBPŒNAS.
All the blanks printed at this office have been revised by one of the most eminent lawyers in the State.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

OLIVE LODGE, No. 81, I. O. O. F., hold their regular meetings on Wednesday evening of each week.
Brothers in good standing are cordially invited.
JAS I. DUNNING, N. G.
W. C. JONES, Rec. Secretary. ja-1

LIBANUS CHAPTER, No. 17, R. A. M., Meets at their hall in Iowa Hill, every Thursday on or preceding the full moon of each month.
Companions in good standing are fraternally invited to visit. J. H. NEFF, H. P.
W. D. LAWRENCE, Secretary. ja-tf

HOSTETTER'S STOMACH BITTERS RENOVATES, Purifies and Strengthens the system, and aids the Stomach in performing its functions. It is a sovereign specific for imparting strength, vigor and tone to the system, and possessing the curative powers for all diseases arising from a disordered stomach. In the most severe cases of cramps, diarrhœa, and weakness in the stomach, the Bitters have been rigidly tested, and always with the greatest success. Sold by all Druggists and dealers everywhere.
HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
Agents for the Pacific Coast,
401 and 403 Battery street,
ap22 1m Corner of Clay.

HOPE FOR THE AFFLICTED.—In another part of this paper will be found the advertisement of the celebrated Institute established by Dr. J. C. YOUNG, in 1850. In this age of deceit and charlatanism it is a boon to the suffering to point out to them where they are sure of obtaining the wished for relief and cure. Under the care of the skillful Doctor the sick and troubled can divest themselves of their burdens of pain; lay aside their cross, and secure health and happiness. If you are sick or in trouble, do not hesitate. Read the advertisement and follow the advice. Do not forget the number nor the manner of directing your letters. Consultation Office, 540, Washington street, San Francisco.
my5-3m

MEDICAL CARD.—Success is said to be the criterion of merit. If this is so, Dr. Doherty is not an exception to the rule. Of the many physicians who advertise to cure the particular branches to which he has devoted his particular study, none has attained that wondrous and general practice which daily attend at his office. The great Ricord, of Paris, specially devoted his attention to the particular branch of Medicine denominated Specific and Chronic.—Dr. Doherty has determined to do the same. Read his advertisement in another column, and the sworn statement of cures. DR. W. K. DOHERTY,
Private Medical and Surgical Institute, Sacramento str., below Montgomery, (opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s office.) Private entrance on Leidesdorff street, San Francisco. mh18 3m

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

NATIONAL HOTEL,
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT.
J. M. GAROUTTE,.......................PROPRIETOR.
THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING LEASED THE above named establishment, respectfully announces to the public that he intends to "keep tavern" in a manner unsurpassed in the mountains. Knowing the wants of the public he will keep the people supplied with the best viands. His accommodations are such that cannot fail to meet the demand of those partial to clean beds and well-aired rooms.
Attending strictly to the management of the house himself he will endeavor to satisfy all who give him a call.
The house has been thoroughly renovated, and being plastered throughout and the rooms larger will make it one of the most desirable houses to stop at in the county.
Oct. 15-tf

DUTCH FLAT HOTEL.
COR. MAIN and STOCKTON STREETS.
CHARLES SEFFENS.......................PROPRIETOR.
THE PROPRIETOR OF THIS LONG ESTABLISHed and First Class Hotel respectfully announces to the public generally that he has completed his arrangements whereby he is prepared to accommodate ALL who may favor him with a call, with the best.
The Hotel Table
Will constantly be supplied with all the delicacies of the season, combining the game and fish of the mountains with the best fruits and vegetables from the valleys.
The Bedrooms
In this hotel are large and well ventilated and particular attention paid to bedding and bed room furniture.
The Stage Office
Of the California Stage Company is kept at this house, where persons can book their names for all parts of the State and Nevada. my12 tf

HERBERT'S EXCHANGE,
THREE MILES ABOVE DUTCH FLAT.
JNO. L. HERBERT,.......................Proprietor.
THE PROPRIETOR RESPECTFULLY INforms the traveling public that he is now prepared to accommodate all who may favor him with a call, being determined to exert himself to the utmost to give his guests every satisfaction. Ample accommodations for Teamsters, as well as the public generally. ap29 1y

GODEN EAGLE HALL,
S. E. CORNER MAIN STOCKTON STREETS.
Dutch Flat, Cal.
J. S. JONES,.......................Proprietor.
PONY JONES, HAVING THOROUGHLY REMODeled and renovated this favorite place of resort, is now prepared to invite all to come and see him, assuring them that he offers nothing but the
Best Wines, Liquors and Cigars,
That can be purchased below. In connection with this first class Saloon there are two fine
Marble-bed Billiard Tables!
Upon which those partial to this noble game can pass an hour of pleasant recreation.
Drop in as you are passing and see for yourself. apr15tf

SENATE SALOON
OPPOSITE THE EXPRESS, MAIN STREET.
THE UNDERSIGNED DESIRES TO INFORM THE citizens of Dutch Flat and his friends generally that he has leased this well known stand where he will constantly keep the best
Wines, Liquors, and Cigars
to be had in the market. An experienced barkeeper will always be in attendance to supply those favoring him with their patronage. A call from those partial to pure beverages solicited. DAVID MAYER.
November 12, 1864-tf

BOOMERANG SALOON.
COR. MAIN AND SACRAMENTO STREETS.
JOHN MEYER,.......................Proprietor.
THE SUBSRIBER HAVING PURCHASED THIS well known establishment and favorite resort, will hereafter keep it in the best style having always on hand the best
Wines and Liquors!
Cigars and fresh brewed lager. By strict attention to business and accommodation to customers he hopes to obtain a share of public patronage. Call and see me. ma1363 tf

BED ROCK SALOON,
OPPOSITE THE POSTOFFICE, MIAN STREET.
GEO. L. SLOCUMB,.......................Proprietor.
KEEPS CONSTANTLY ON HAND THE FINEST
Wines, Brandies, Cigars, Syrups,
and playing cards in the market, in lots to suit customers.
Billiard Balls, Cues, and Cue Wafers
purchased for customers at the lowest city prices.
de4 62 tf

UNCLE SAM SALOON,
(One door above Dr. Strong's Drug Store)
MAIN STREET, DUTCH FLAT, CAL.
SAM. SWANSSON begs leave to inform the public that he has always on hand the best
Wines, Liquors, Syrups and Cigars,
that can be purchased below, and invites those partial to pleasant beverages to give him a call
fe11 tf

DRUGS AND MEDICINES.

R. H. MCDONALD, J. C. SPENCER.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Corner of Sansome and Pine Streets, San Francisco,
DRUGGISTS.

We respectfully beg leave to inform our customers and the public generally that we have opened a House in the city of San Francisco, where we will be pleased to see as many of our old friends and customers as can make it convenient to call upon us. We shall keep at both places a large and well selected stack of

Drugs and Medicines,	Retorts and Crucibles,
Chemicals of all kinds,	Druggists Glassware,
Solid and Fluid Extracts,	Brewers' Stock,
Shakers' Herbs,	Soda Water Material,
Eclectic Preparations,	Paints and Oils,
Patent Medicines,	Kerosene and Coal Oils,
Fancy Goods,	Lard and Sperm Oils,
Trusses & Shoulder Br's,	Camphene & burning fluid
Abdominal Supporters,	Alcohol in Tin,
Assayers' Materials,	

Together with a complete assortment of all articles in the Drug line. We do not intend to be undersold by any house in California. Orders respectfully solicited and goods forwarded to all parts of the Pacific coast and country.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Importing Druggists, Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., San Franciset.

Trusses and Supporters,
Gum Stockings, Abdominal Supporters, Shoulder Braces, Suspensary Bandages, Silk Elastic Bandages for Ladies. A very large assortment of articles in this line. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., San Francisco.

Brewers' Stock.
Fresh Hops, Irish Moss, Burgundy Pitch, Keg Corks. Everything in this line of the best quality. For sale upon reasonable terms.
N. B. Ten bales Hops just received by Express.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Assayers' Materials.
Crucibles, Retorts, Acids, and a general supply of all articles in this line. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Eclectic Medicines.
We are constantly receiving per express, supplies from the manufactories. For sale by
R. H. McDONAFD & CO.

Tildem's Sugar-Coated Pills,
Of nearly all the concentrated Medicines, put up in bottles. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & Co.,

Perfumery.
We are constantly receiving articles in this line, direct from Foreign and American manufactories. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Paints, Oils and Varnishes,
Brushes, Feather Dusters, Zinc White, Fire Proof Paint, Linseed Oil, Boiled and Raw. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Coal and Kerosine Oils.
Burning Fluid, Neats-foot Oil, Lard Oil, and Camphene. Knowing the difficulty in procuring a good article, so necessary for brilliant light, we have taken extra pains to import them of the best quality, and can supply our customers with a superior article.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Soda Water Material.
Corks, Acids, Essential Oils, Whiting, Marble Dust Soda Twine. Everything in the line.
For sale by R. H. McDONALD & CO.

Patent Medicines.
We are Agents for nearly all valuable articles in use, and our stock is unusually large. For sale by
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento,
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
San Francisco.

PAID IN GREENBACKS.
DR. W. D. OLENDORF, OF RED BLUFF, CAL., availing himself of the law making Greenbacks a legal tender, has, through Messrs. Wells, Fargo & Co., tendered and paid us two hundred and seventy-five dolls in Greenbacks (for goods pur chased payable in gold coin), in full payment of his obligations to us. This amount we receipted for in full, which, of course, we were compelled to receive or get nothing.
We feel it our duty to let the public know of this, as any other transaction of like character, that they may understand who the parties are that will avail themselves of the cheap but unjust mode of paying their honest debts.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento and San Francisco.

For Family Use.
We have on hand a large assortment of articles for Family and Hotel use, the following comprise a part only:

Flavoring Extracts,	Superior Starch,
Gelatine and Isinglass,	Bluing, liquid and in balls
Tapioca and Farina,	Pure Indigo,
Pearl Barley and Sago,	Polishing Wax for cloths,
Oat meal,	Concentrated Ley,
Yeast Powders,	Potash and Sal Soda,
Cream Tartar and Soda,	Stove Polish,
Fresh Hops.	Stove Brushes,

Surgical Instruments.

Dissecting Instruments,	Stethoscopes,
Eye Instruments,	Syringes,
Obstetrical Instruments,	Tonsel Instruments,
Polypus Forceps,	Amputating Instruments,
Probangs,	Breast Pumps,
Post Mortem Instruments,	Bougie's,
Pocket Instruments,	Cathetars,
Trepanning Instruments,	Cupping Instruments,
Speculums,	Electro Magnetic Battuns

R. H. McDONALD & CO., Sacramento.
R. H. McDONALD & CO., San Francisco.

DENTAL Importing House.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento,
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
San Francisco.
WE respectfully invite the attention of the Dental Profession to our large and complete assortment of dental goods, the following comprising a part only:

Plain and Pivot Teeth,	Ivory Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Gum Teeth, large assort't,	Steel and Wire Handled Pluggers and Scalers,
Teeth for Vulcanite work, gum & plain, great variety	Excavators, durrs & drills
Jones & White's gold foil,	Screws, Punches, Hooks,
Abbey & Son's Gold Foil,	Brushes and Carundum Wheels,
Watt's Crystal Foil and Sponge Gold,	Grind Stones and Polish Powders,
Tin Foil and Platina plate	Lathes,
Gold Plate and Solder,	Mouth Mirrors, different patterns.
Dental chairs & head rests,	
Forceps, a large variety,	
Files of all kinds,	

Dental Cases.
Chevalier's Best, containing a large number of Instruments, Mouth Mirrors, etc. Cases made of mahogany, brass bound, with drawers, etc., all complete. Price according to size and style—from $75 to $175, each.

Anatomical Preparations.
Consisting of Upper and lower Maxillaries, carved exhibiting Nerves on one side and Artery and Vein on the other. Head, with carved Jaw, exposing fangs of Teeth, 32 in number.
Valcanizers, Vulcanite Teeth, Rubber and everything for doing vulcanite work in the latest and most approved styles, together with nearly everything used by Dentists all of which we shall sell at very low prices, and respectfully solicit Dentists to call and examine and price our goods.
Goods packed with care and forwarded, by express or otherwise, to all parts of the Pacific coast.
R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Wholesale Druggists, Sacramento,
R. H. McDONALD & CO., San Francisco.

Dental Books.
We keep constantly on hand a supply of all the most approved Standard Works on Dentistry. Our efforts will be to keep a large and well selected stock of all Dental Material, where the Dental Profession may confidently rely upon having their orders filled in the best possible manner. R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento, 139 J street,
San Francisco, cor. Pine and Sacramento sts.
[1y]

DUTCH FLAT ENQUIRER.

AT HOME.

The following description of the luxurious home of one of our most popular and prosperous artistes will be read with interest as well as curiosity. It was penned by a gentleman who, having enjoyed the well known hospitalities of the party alluded to, desired to bestow on the great public a peep "behind the curtain" into their domestic *habitat* and surroundings:

"Professional people are public property." This is an axiom in practice, if not fully admitted in principle. The occupant of the judicial bench, the advocate, the physician, the divine, the man of letters, the artist—each in the ratio that he becomes "a representative man" of his class is made to surrender his privacy. His outgoings, his incomings, his shortcomings—if he has any—are known and discussed, and praise or blame are meted out in easy tones of familiarity. And this is as true in respect of private life as public practice. There is one profession, however, perhaps the most public of any, which presents an almost impenetrable mystery to the uninitiated. The stage is a world in itself—yet how few of its patrons know any thing really of the home life of those who people it. A writer in an English journal, speaking on this subject, says: "In respect to actors people are anxious for the lights and shadows of homes instead of the brassy glare of the stage lamps and rosin-lightning of the property man's stores. For the most part all that is interesting in dramatic life is to be seen before the curtain; the web of existence behind it is often too slight to be pleasant or even understood when deliberately spread for minute investigation." We are pleased with the creations of genius—we admire the artistic—we weep or laugh by turns; and, save to retail or hear retailed some petty piece of green-room scandal, we are in utter ignorance of the private character, the home loves or the home cares of those who minister to our enjoyment at the theatre. The satirist, with an admixture of high sentiment and sensibility, has, it is true, told us how—

"Denmark's Prince may want to morrow's dinner."

And changes have been rung on the cold philosophy which revealed that "the regality and untold riches of the inner palace will before midnight be transformed to the rags and wretchedness of the "poor players garret." This description, we believe, no longer finds a practical illustration; we know it need not; but accepting the picture on the plea that contrast hightens lustre, let us paint "AT HOME" in which all the mock splendors and fairy fascinations of the drama are more than realized, and in which, reversing the order of the satirist, mimic peasants are transmuted to the possessors of princely fortunes, dispensing their wealth with more than princely beneficence.

In one of the best streets of our most fashionable quarter there stands a residence, the externals of which suggest the magnificence within. Enter with us, reader, you are welcome. Everything has a palatial grandeur about it. You see at once that you are in the midst of the not common combination of taste and luxury. Your guide to-day has some old country experiences, and he is free to admit with all his wealth, and his love of comfort and fireside enjoyments, John Bull is an arrant dunce in those manners which taste has any share. If the builder, by a miracle, has given him a room of goodly proportions, ten to one but it is marred by a mal-position of doors, a frightful chimney-piece, or some other vile projection, so that it presents twice as many angels as it ought to do. Or, if it be by any chance free from these defects, it is rendered unsightly by some barbarous papering, or meagre panneling of wainscot, or else it looks blank, cold and quakerish in a garb of stucco. Good pictures are rare ornaments, are rather to be found together in numbers in the public galleries than scattered as graces on the walls of apartments generally. Recognizing, however, the truth that his residence would be incomplete—wanting painting and sculpture– that a house without pictures might as well be without a library or a service of plate—the happy owner of the house under notice has gathered together some of the choicest gems of the old and new world. The suit of drawing rooms for the reception of company may be fairly designated an art's treasure exhibition. There are inlaid cabinent–models of Greek fictile vases–tables of white marble, bordered with classic groups of figures—frescoed ceilings, which in their attractiveness create almost a crick in the neck to gaze at–splendid musical instruments, which you may be sure are not wholly left to the glory of mahogany and French polish—articles of *bijouteri* and *vertu* of the richest and most tasteful designs. And the pictures; but how to describe them? You stand before a fine picture and gaze upon it till the sight becomes dim. You then pass on to another—not effacing the last impression, but stamping a fresh one on the memory. There are some choice specimens of the old masters of the Italian and Dutch schools—some copies which in tone and finish may be accepted as worthy representatives of the originals. English modern art is amply represented; and due honor is paid to national gems in the fair distribution of works by American artists. Every picture in the collection has upon it the stamp of exellence. But our object is not art criticism. We may be permitted, however, to observe that a picture in a fitting place acquires a double value, and that here the taste of the owner is further manifested by the harmonious arrangements of his subjects. Passing from the reception room we ascend to the library, where literature, not less than art below, claims an empire. We have seen more extensive collections, but never a more judicious selection. The best work of the best authors find here a place; in every department of literature there is an ample supply to satisfy the most greedy and searching of students. The furniture is of the most approved carved oak, and the walls are beautified by first-class engravings, mezzo-tints, chromo-lithographs, water-colors, and oil-paintings. There are rare carvings, too, in the Italian, Flemish, and Dutch styles; groups of statuary of the chastest mould and finest chisseling; vases, chimney ornaments, bronze statutes, chimney-pieces and cabinets—in a word, all that fine taste and a liberal expenditure could effect in making a happy home has been supplied. All the arrangements of the house are in perfect keeping with those we have described—in every part the lightness and variety of lines, and the combination of massive form with luxurious ornament, produce at once an idea of rare magnificence. We had almost forgotten one feature in the internal economy of the mansion. In a large glass case—modestly placed in a room not accessible to ordinary visitors—we find what may be regarded and described as a cabinet of professional trophies: vases, goblets, salvers of every patern and of the most costly kind–some plain, some ornamented, some having appropriate designs pictured, characteristic and allegorical, but all bearing complimentary inscriptions to the professional talents and private goodness of Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams. Well, the secret is out. The happy occupants of the splendid mansion we have so far described are the renowned Irish Boy and Yankee Girl; and the public will indorse our opinion that they deserve all their prosperity. In their persons success has been the attendant on merit and the accompaniment of worth.

We have already referred to the collection of pictures, but, to our view, the brightest gem of the whole was the living group of a few evenings ago, when the distinguished artistes worthily sustained the role of private citizens—when, surrounded by the members of their own family, young and aged, they received their friends—when, with an ease, grace, and dignity more than queenly–for there was no frigid formality—that lady made every one feel "at home"—when the host, with a sunny-faced hospitality, joined in the welcome—when around them were gathered the best and the brightest in this community. The foremost men in art, science, law, literature, and commerce, were there; and though divinity was unrepresented, as a profession, there was ample atonement *for that* absence in the divinities present, whose glad smiles and bright glances and welcome words shed a most enlivening influence on the *reunion*. No higher compliment could be paid to the personal character of Mr. and Mrs. Barney Williams than that involved in such "troops of friends" under the roof-tree. We have confined ourselves to an outline of the intellectual treat provided. Music lent its charms, and wit and songs were its accompaniments. It would not be in good taste to discuss the "material" hospitalities; but we cannot omit a passing notice of the good sentiment that prompted the only formal toast of the evening, when Mr. Barney Williams in graceful terms introduced to his guests an old literary friend from Europe, now a stranger in America. The European stranger spoke his thanks, and doubtless felt them, for the unexpected demonstration. Indeed, admiration, and thankfulness, and wishes for the continued happiness of the host and hostess were the predominant feelings of all present.

We have not, we think, violated the proprieties of privacies of society by giving to the public a brief sketch of the home life of two of their greatest favorites. It is an actor's home. "Dost like the picture?"

CONFESSIONS OF JUDGMENT.—Mr. Senator Hunter, of Va., one of the late Rebel Peace Commissioners, in his speech against the bill to arm the slaves said that bill "*was an abandonment of the contest,*" and of the "grounds on which it had been undertaken." Referring to the cause of Southern secession, he said:

"We had insisted that Congress had no right to interfere with slavery, and upon the coming into power of the party who it was known would assume and exercise that power, we seceeded. We had also then contended that whenever the two races were thrown together one must be master and the other slave, and we vindicated ourselves against the accusations of the Abolitionists by asserting that slavery was the best and happiest condition of the negro.—Now, what does this proposition admit? The right of the Central Government to put the slaves into the militia, and to emancipate at least so many as shall be placed in the military service. It is a clear claim of the Central Government to emancipate the slaves. If we are right in passing this measure, we were wrong in denying the old Government the right to interfere with the institution of slavery and to emancipate slaves."

The rebellion being confessedly a failure, the contest practically abandoned, and the whole object of the revolt lost, why does not Hunter show his good sense by accepting the President's offer, and in ending the war by submission? To fight without an object is sheer madness.

TELEGRAPAIC PROGRESS.—The process of manufacturing the cable for the Atlantic telegraph is rapidly proceeding, and it is calculated that if the submergence of the line be satisfactorily accomplished the communication between Great Britain and the American continent will be completed by the close of July next. There are seven copper wires to form the conductor. The entire length of the telegraph will be 2,300 miles, so that there are 16,000 miles of copper wire. Every portion of this copper wire is subjected to electrical tests, to ascertain its quality for conduction, before it is allowed to be worked up. The next process is to coat these wires with eight successive coats of the insulating material, equal to an aggregate length of 18,400 miles. This core is next covered with jute, wound round it from ten strands, making 23,000 miles of jute yarn. Then comes the outer coating, formed of the ten covered iron wires. The iron wire itself is 23,000 miles in length, and each wire is covered separately with five strands of tarred hemp, 135,000 miles of the latter being required, making together an aggregate length of material employed of 215,000 miles, or very nearly as much as would put ten girdles round the earth, or form a line that would stretch almost from the earth to the moon.

JEFF. DAVIS ON TREASON.—In 1858, Davis delivered an address at Faneuil Hall, Boston, in the course of which be said.

Among culprits, there is none more odious to my mind than a public officer who takes an oath to support the Constitution—the compact between the States binding each other for the common defense and general welfare of the other—yet retains to himself a mental reservation that he will war upon the principles he has sworn to maintain, and upon the property rights. the protection of which are part of the compact of the Union. It is a crime too low to be named before this assembly. It is one which no man with self-respect would ever commit. To swear that he will support the Constitution—to take an office which belongs in many of its relations to all the States, and to use it as a means of injuring a portion of the States of which he is thus the representative, IS TREASON TO EVERYTHING HONORABLE IN MAN. It is the base and cowardly attack of him who gains the confidence of another in order that he may wound him.

OVER-VALUED.—In offering a reward for the capture of Jeff. Davis, the Government set an extravagantly high price upon him. His neck—even his entire body—is not worth a tenth part of that sum.—*S. F. Call.*

In fact not more than a large sized Bologna sausage.

LILLIE'S LOCK!
OPENED IN ONE MINUTE!

NEW YORK, September 2, 1864.

F. TILLMAN, Esq., 318 Battery street,
Bet. Commercial and Clay, San Francisco.

DEAR SIR: WE NOTICE AN ADVERTISEMENT in your daily papers respecting the "security" of the "Lillie" lock. We are aware that you well understand this lock, and, of course, will not allow yourself to be annoyed by such representations. We have just sent for one of our men at the factory, and he, in our presence, opened one of Lillie's best safe locks, after it had been locked and the combination turned on,

By One Blow of the Hammer!

Against the knob on the outside, and thereby breaking the cast iron bolt on the inside.

The whole time occupied in opening the lock was about ONE MINUTE. We send you this lock that your friends may not be deceived by false representations, etc.

Respectfully, etc.,
A. E. TILTON,
WM. McFARLAND.

No Practical Lockpicker or Thimble-rigger are required to

Operate the said Lillie Lock.

Any parties desirous of seeing the above mentioned lock, its insecurity and easy mode of opening the same, can call at

318 Battery street, San Francisco.

GLOUCESTER, March 26, 1864.

Messrs. TILTON & MCFARLAND,
Safe Manufacturers, Boston, Mass.

Gentlemen: From representations made by Mr. Lillie I was induced to purchase one of his

So-called "Fire Proof Safes"

On the 18th of February last, a fire occurred in our block which destroyed a number of buildings, and our own with the rest. We trusted our books, papers and all in the safe. After the fire the so-called "safe" was taken from the ruins, and on opening it we found that

Everything was Destroyed.

We send you the safe, with what is left of the papers, and you will see that not one of them is legible or strong enough to sustain its own weight. Having the curiosity to know how our neighbors fared in this fire, we noticed McKenrie & Hardy just opening their safe (TILTON & McFARLAND'S make), and its contents were found to be

In Perfect Condition.

This led us to further investigation, and we found to our astonishment that from the large amount of combustible material in Messrs. McK. & H.'s cellar—such as lard, pork, etc.—their safe was subjected to a much greater heat than that of our own, we being in the clothing business and had but little in the cellar. There was another of Lillie's safes here subjected to the same fire, faring, however, no better than our own.

Very respectfully,
Your obedient servants,
[Signed:] GEO. L. CHESBRO & CO.

TILTON & MCFARLAND'S SAFE!
THE ONLY PROTECTION AGAINST
FIRE AND BURGLARS.

For the last Fifteen pears

This safe has been well known in California and the Eastern States. They have resisted all the fires on the Pacific coast, and we can point with satisfaction to the record that

No Man Ever Lost a Dollar

out of one of our safes by means of burglars. Their fire and burglar proof qualities are so well known that they need no further recommendation.

A good assortment of Tilton & McFarland's Fire and Burglar Proof Safes to be had at

No. 318 Battery street, San Francisco.

ja21 6m F. TILLMAN.

MISCELLANEOUS ADVERTISEMENTS.

QUICK CURES AND SMALL CHARGES

THE ELECTROPATHIC INSTITUTE,
645 Washington St., San Francisco,

ESTABLISHED FEBRUARY, 1860, BY AN ASSOCIATION OF SCIENTIFIC GENTLEMEN, FOR CURE OF DISEASES AND THE SUPPRESSION OF QUACKERY.

Truths for the Afflicted.

This splendid establishment was inaugurated in February, 1860, by an association of Scientific gentlemen, that there might be a Medical Establishment in San Francisco, where the afflicted could find scientific and honorable, as well as humane treatment. *Outrageous Quackery* had so long run rampant over afflicted humanity that all confidence was being lost in the Medical Profession, and it was time that there should be an Institute where the affleted could apply with the certainty of honorable and Scientific treatment. And the result has thus far exceeded the most sanguine expectations of its founders.

Thousands have been made to rejoice in returned health, who had been trifled with by the numerous vampires that abound upon this coast, the chief of whom has been obliged to close out and leave the country; but still there are some left of whom the afflicted should beware.

The basis of the treatment at the Institute is the Electro pathic System. The Physician and Surgeon who has been a Professor in one of the best Medical Colleges in America, and who has made a special study of Chronic Diseases for the last fifteen years, is thoroughly qualified to treat by medicine; and will warrant a perfect and permanent cure in the shortest possible time. All long-standing cases of disease no matter what may be their nature, give way under the course of treatment pursued at the Institute, and the result is perfect health and a strengthened constitution where it has been injured.

It would be useless to enumerate the diseases, as it would be occupying space to no purpose. Every nameable complaint to which humanity is liable can be cured by the Faculty at the Institute.

No mercury is used upon any consideration. All medicines prescribed are vegetable, and in cases where the patient can remain in the city, and wishes to be treated by Electricity, no medicines will be used. All medicines are electrized, which makes them much more active, and destroys all nauseous taste, making them as palatable as wine.

The Directors wish to speak of specialities more extensively than of other complaints, because empirics have used more deception about them than they have about the regular troubles of the human family. And first on the list is that dreadful malady denominated Seminal Weakness, or Spermatorrhœa, a complaint which not only affects the body with pain and lassitude, making life a burden, but affects the brain, creating *Insanity*. It drives more men to the mad house than all other diseases added together. By the Electropathic System this terrible trouble gives way, and the hitherto emaciated victim is made to rejoice in perfect health.

Next upon the list is Venereal, in all of its terrible forms and phases.

It is impossible to paint this disease in colors sufficiently terrible to do it justice. It is the most awful disease to which the human family is liable, and if not arrested when active, making him a loathsome mass of living corruption. It is also one of the most insidious diseases in the world. While the exterior shows no symptom, the horrible disease is sapping the foundations of life, preparing to attack its vital parts, as soon as the patient shall by some indiscretion weaken the system. Reader, if you have ever had this awful disease in any form whatever, call at once at the Institute, and the physician there will examine you and tell you if you have any of the virus in your blood. In such cases consultations are always gratis, and should you have any of the dreadful complaint about you, a cure will be warranted in a short time, or no charges will be made for services.

Strictures.

This terrible affection, which badly affects the nervous system as to prevent sound and health giving sleep, should be attended to in its early stages, or an operation both painful and dangerous will have to be resorted to. It is usually first indicated by darting pains in the parts, but very light and hardly noticeable at first, increasing gradually, until they become troublesome, sometimes accompanied by slight irritations in the passage of urine.—A *quick cure* is easily performed at the Institute if early application is made.

To Females.

Your delicate organizations should be treated with great scientific care. At the Institute you will find a kind physician, who can at once discover your disease or trouble, and sympatize with you in your affliction. Should you be irregular you can get relief, no matter what may be the cause. You need not fear to call on account of the delicacy of consultation for the utmost secrecy will be insured at all times, and the resident physician will treat you in the most honorable manner, giving you all the assistance and advice, both medical and surgical, that you may require. *Private apartments, especially for Ladies.*

Preventive.

Dr. J. H. Josselyn's celebrated Preventive for married ladies can be obtained only at the Institute. Price, Ten Dollars.

Warranted to prevent pregnancy. Can be used without any inconvenience, and is good for one year if directions are followed.

This Magnetic Preventive is not injurious, but is conducive to health, and can be used without the knowledge of any one but the party using it.

To sum up, there is no place where the medical profession is practiced in the State of California, wherein the same amount of scientific attainments are employed, and, consequently, where the afflicted can be so well treated, and be as sure of a cure, as at the Electropathic Institute, 645 Washington street, (south side,) a few doors below Kearny.

Reader, if you are sick and need medical assistance call there before employing any one else, and judge for yourself. You will there find the best consulting, as well as the the best operating talent in the State, together with the only Electropathic Instrument that can be depended upon in the curative process.

Medicine sent to all parts of the State, Oregon and Nevada, upon the receipt of a letter describing the case.

All letters must be directed to J. H. JOSSELYN, M. D., Resident Physician, Electropathic Institute.

Dr. H. JOSSLYN has no connection with any other establishment or Institute in this city.

All letters answered with promptness and pleasure, and the utmost secrecy observed. Address

J. H. JOSELYN, M. D.
Electropathic Institute,
645 Washington Street, San Francisco.

apr15–3m

11,000!

NEARLY ELEVEN THOUSAND OF

WHEELER & WILSON'S
SEWING MACHINES!

Have been sold on the Pacific coast since the Agency was established in San Francisco; and the LARGE and increasing sale of these

MACHINES

proves how fully the public are convinced of the Superiority of

WHEELER & WILSON'S SEWING MACHINE

Over all Others,
FOR GENERAL USE!

A LARGE INVOICE OF THESE MACHINES, WITH LATE IMPROVEMENTS, **Just Received.**

Call and Examine Them!
OR SEND FOR A CIRCULAR.

J. H. HAYDEN, Agent,
Office, Corner of Montgomery and Sacramento streets,
mar18-6m SAN FRANCISCO.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE MEDICAL AID.

Quick Cures and Moderate Charges.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY'S
Private Medical and Surgical Institute.

Sacramento Street, below Montgomery, opposite the Pacific Mail Steamship Co.'s Office. Private entrance on Leidesdorff st., San Francisco.

Established expressly to afford the afflicted sound and Scientific Medical Aid, in the treatment and cure of all Private and Chronic Diseases, cases of secrecy and all Sexual Diseases.

To the Afflicted.

DR. W. K. DOHERTY returns his sincere thanks to his numerous patients for their patronage, and would take this opportunity to remind them that he continues to consult at his Institute for the cure of chronic diseases of the Lungs, Liver, Kidneys, Digestive and Genito-Urinary Organs, and all private diseases, viz: Syphilis in all its forms and stages, Seminal Weakness, and all the horrid consequences of self-abuse, Gonorrhœa, Gleet, Strictures, Nocturnal and Diurnal Emissions, Sexual Debility, Diseases of the Back and Loins, Inflammation of the Bladder and Kidneys, etc., etc., and he hopes that his long experience and successful practice of many years in Europe and the United States, he is enabled to apply the most efficient and successful remedies against diseases of all kinds. He uses no mercury, charges moderate, treats his patients in a correct and honorable way, has references from men of known respectability and high standing in society. All parties consulting him, by letter or otherwise, will receive the best and gentlest treatment and implicit secrecy.

Read the Following:

Dr. Doherty—Dear Sir: I feel my health so fully restored, that in common gratitude, I believe I should make you some written acknowledgment for your valuable services—particularly so as your fee was small for the work performed.

I arrived in this city from the East about one year ago, and was then suffering from an old case of Gleet complicated with Stricture. Being a stranger in this city, and believing those Doctors who gave such positive assurances of success were necessarily the best (some of whom have a large number of titles), I placed myself in their charge and continued under their treatment until I had lost nearly all hope and a considerable sum of money.

I wish to say now that you are the sixth Doctor I have employed, and the only one that has ever done me any service. My Gleet is wholly cured, the Stricture is all removed, and my general health is better than it has been for years.

In conclusion I would say to the many unfortunates who require medical advice, if you have any doubt as to whom you may employ, ask Dr. Doherty for my address and call and see me. (I keep store in this city.) My experience may save you many dollars.

I would also add that in the early stage of my disease, I used a large amount of the preparations advertised as an infallible cure for Gonorrhœa, Gleet, etc., but never derived any benefit from them.

I am, Doctor, very truly yours,
L—— H——.

San Francisco, June 16, 1864.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 21st day of June, A. D. 1834.

[L. S.] A. S. GOULD, Notary Public.

SEMINAL WEAKNESS—A SWORN-TO CERTIFICATE OF MOST REMARKABLE CURE OF SPERMATORRHŒA.

A desire to benefit humanity, and a feeling of gratitude to Dr. W. K. Doherty, alone induces me to make this statement. For many years I have been afflicted with that fearful disease known as "Spermatorrhœa" or Seminal Weakness, the result of selfabuse, but till 1855 experienced but little trouble or inconvenience. In that year, however, I had Seminal weakness to an alarming extent, which was soon followed by the usual alarming symptoms, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of vision, nervousness and general debility. My mind, too, was afflicted to such an extent as to seriously impair my memory; my ideas were confused and spirits depressed. I was averse to society, had evil forebodings and self-distrust, and was entirely unfitted for any of the duties of life. From 1855 to the summer of 1862, I employed the very best medical talent I could find, and spent several hundred dollars, but in no instance obtained more than temporary relief. I had about concluded there was no relief for me in this world, but seeing Dr. Doherty's advertisement, I thought I would call and see him, as he charged nothing for consultation. I had an interview with Dr. Doherty at his office, in Sacramento street, and his fee for treatment was so reasonable, I determined to try him; though I did not expect much benefit from his treatment. On the 5th of December last I placed myself under his care; in one week I found myself very much improved, and now, after five weeks' treatment, I feel myself thoroughly cured of all my troubles and in the enjoyment of the best health. Hoping that my experience may be of benefit to others similarly afflicted, I subscribe myself

JAMES JOHNSTON.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 15th day of January, A. D. 1864.

[L. S.] A. G. RANDALL, Notary Public.

To Females.

When a female is in trouble, or afflicted with disease, as weakness of the back and limbs, pain in the head, dimness of sight, loss of muscular power, palpitation of the heart, irritability, nervousness, extreme urinary difficulties, derangement of digestive functions, general debility, vaginities, all diseases of the womb, hysteria, sterility, and all other diseases peculiar to females, they should go or write at once to the celebrated female doctor, W. K. Doherty, at his Medical Institute, and consult him about their troubles and disease. The Doctor is effecting more cures than any other Physician in the State of California. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately and save yourself from painful sufferings and premature death. All Married Ladies, whose delicate health or other circumstances prevent an increase in their families, should write or call at Dr. W. K. Dougherty's Medical Institute, and they will receive every possible relief and help. The Doctor's offices are so arranged that he can be consulted without fear of observation.

To Correspondents.

Patients residing in any part of the State, however distant, who may desire the opinion and advice of Dr. Doherty on their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such, in preference to holding a personal interview, are respectfully assured that their communications will be held most sacred. Dr. Doherty takes this opportunity of observing, that all letters are only opened and replied to by himself, and the latter as promptly as possible.

If the case be fully and candidly described, the usual fee of ten dollars enclosed, (by express or in a registered letter) personal communication will be superseded, as instructions for diet, regimen, and the general treatment of the case itself (including the remedies), will be forwarded without delay, and in such a manner as to convey no purport of the letter or parcel so transmitted.

☞ Consultation at the office FREE. By letter, $10. Permanent cure guaranteed, or no pay. Address,

W. K. DOHERTY, M. D.,
mh18 3m San Francisco, California.

CONSTABLE'S SALE.—By virtue of an Execution to me delivered and directed on the 1st day of May, A. D. 1865, issued out of the Court of E. Aubury, a Justice of the Peace in and for Township No. 4, county of Placer and State of California, on a judgment rendered in Justice's Court of E. B. Boust, on the 3d day of September, A. D. 1863, in favor of James Gilson, and against James A. Brant, for the sum of one hundred and one dollars, with interest upon the sum of one hundred and thrty-one 75-100 dollars from the 3d day of September, A. D. 1863, at the rate of ten per cent. per annum, and for costs of suit taxed at thirty-one 75-100 dollars, I have this day levied upon and will expose to public sale, to the highest bidder for cash, in front of James Gilson's old house, in Lost Camp,

On Saturday, the 10th day of June, 1865,

At the hour of 12 o'clock, M., all the right, title, interest and claim which the said James A. Brant had on the 1st day of May, A. D. 1865, in and to the following described property, to wit: One undivided one-fourth interest in a certain mining claim known as the Last Chance Mining Claim, situate, lying and being in the town of Lost Camp, in the Lost Camp Mining District, Township No. 4, State of California, and bounded as follows, to wit: Fronting on Texas Canon on the East 300 feet, on the South by the Nebraska Company's mining ground, on the North by ——, extending back into the hill on the West 600 feet: Also one undivided one-fourth interest in a certain mining claim known as the Ohio Company's Mining Claim, situate, lying and being in the Lost Camp Mining District in the town of Lost Camp, Township No. 4, Placer county State of California, and bounded and described as follows: On the South by the Fish Line Co's claims, on the East by No. 7, on the North and West by the Mountain Co.'s claims; together with all tunnels cuts, flumes or appurtenances thereunto belonging. All of which named and described property I shall sell as aforesaid, or so much thereof as may be sufficient to satisfy the above judgment, together with the costs due and to become due thereon

J. F. GREELEY,
Dated May 13th, 1865 td Constable Tp. No. 4.

WALK UP AND PAY.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING DISPOSED OF his interest in the Placer Market, would respectfully request those indebted to him to call immediately and settle their accounts either by note or otherwise. He continues to carry on the business of Brewing and Distilling at the

PLACER BREWERY,

Where persons can be supplied at the shortest notice.

April 1, 1895. 1m FRED. GROHS.

MEDICAL.

HEALTH

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

FOR Non-Retention or Incontinence of Urine, Inflammation or Ulceration of the Bladder or Kidneys, Diseases of the Prostrate Gland, Gravel, Brick Dust Deposits, Dropsical Swellings, Organic Weakness, Debility, Female Complaints, &c.

HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU
AND
Improved Rose Wash

Will radically exterminate from the system Diseases arising from Habits of Dissipation, *at little expense, little or no change of diet, no inconvenience or exposure;* completely superseding those *unpleasant and dangerous remedies, Copabia and Mercury,* in curing these diseases.

USE HELMBOLD'S
FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU

In all Diseases of the Urinary Organs, whether existing in MALE or FEMALE, *from whatever cause originating, and no matter of how long standing.* It is pleasant in its taste and odor, IMMEDIATE in action, and more strengthening than any of the preparations of *Bark or Iron.*

Those suffering from *Broken Down or Delicate Constitutions, procure the Remedy at once.*

The Reader must be aware that however slight may be the attack of the above diseases, it is certain to affect his *Bodily Health, Mental Powers and Happiness.* If no treatment is submitted to, Consumption or Insanity may ensue.

All the above diseases require the aid of a diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU
Is the Great Diuretic.

HELMBOLD'S
HIGHLY CONCENTRATED
Compound Fluid Extract Sarsaparilla,

For purifying the blood, removing all diseases arising from excess and imprudence in life, chronic constitutional diseases arising from an impure state of the blood, and the only reliable and effectual known remedy for the cure of Scrofula, Scald Head, Salt Rheum, Pains and Swelling of the Bones Ulcerations of the Throat and Legs, Blotches, Pimples on the Face, Tetter, Erysipelas, and all scaly eruptions of the skin, and beautifying the COMPLEXION.

AND HAPPINESS

NOT A FEW

Of the worst disorders that afflict mankind arise from the corruption that accumulates in the Blood. Of all the discoveries that have been made to purge it out, none can equal in effect *HELMBOLD'S COMPOUND EXTRACT OF SARSAPARILLA.* It cleanses and renovates the Blood, instills the vigor of health into the system, and purges out the humors which make disease. It stimulates the healthy functions of the body, and expels the disorders that grow and rankle in the Blood. Such a remedy, that could be relied on, has long been sought for, and now, for the first time, the public have one on which they can depend. Our space here does not admit of certificates to show its effects, but the trial of a single bottle will show to the sick that it has virtues surpassing anything they have ever taken.

Two tablespoonsful of the Extract of Sarsaparilla, added to a pint of water, is equal to the Lisbon Diet Drink, and one bottle is equal to a gallon of the Syrup of Sarsaparilla, or the decoction as usually made.

The above Extracts are prepared on purely scientific principles—*in Vacuo*—and embody the full strength of the ingredients entering into their composition. A ready and conclusive test will be a comparison of their properties with those set forth in the U. S. Dispensatory.

HOW TO USE THE REMEDIES.

In Diseases of the Blood, Humors on the Face, or any and every part of the body, use Extract Sarsaparilla, applying to Pimples and all external Humors or Eruptions the Improved Rose Wash.

Use the Extract Buchu for all diseases requiring the aid of a Diuretic, except those of the Urinary Organs, such as Gonorrhœa and Gleet; in these use the Extract Buchu and inject with the Improved Rose Wash.

☞ THESE EXTRACTS HAVE BEEN ADMITTED TO USE IN THE UNITED STATES ARMY, and also are in very general use in all the STATE HOSPITALS AND PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS throughout the land, as well as in private practice, and are considered as invaluable remedies.

MEDICINE
DELIVERED TO ANY ADDRESS.

Direct letters to—
HELMBOLD'S DRUG & CHEMICAL WAREHOUSE,
594 Broadway, N. Y., next Metropolitan Hotel,
OR TO
HELMBOLD'S MEDICAL DEPOT,
104 South Tenth St., Assembly Build', Phila.

Describe Symptoms in all Communications.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.
Beware of Counterfeits
ASK FOR HELMBOLD'S.
Take no other.

SECURED

HOSTETTER, SMITH & DEAN,
Sole Agents for the Pacific Coast,
401 and 403 Battery str., San Francisco,

Ap22 6m And for sale by D. W. STRONG, Dutch Flat.

FAMILY GROCERY STORE,
AT FRIEDMAN'S OLD STAND,
MAIN SRREET, DUTCH FLAT.

THE UNDERSIGNED ANNOUNCES TO THE CITizens of Dutch Flat that he has just opened a store at the above named stand where he will keep a good assortment of

FAMILY GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
CROCKERY, and
FRESH VEGETABLES,

which will be sold as cheap as they can be afforded regardless to the prices at other stores. Those in need of family stores at invited to call and examine my stock.

☞ My aim is to please.

se24-tf GEO. S. MAKER.

TRY
WARD'S
PERFECT FITTING
SHIRTS
323 MONTGOMERY ST.
SAN FRANCISCO
NEW YORK HOUSE
387 BROADWAY.

fe18.6m

The California Fly Killing Liquid.

FLY PAPER KILLS ITS THOUSANDS. THE Liquid Fly Killer its tens of thousands. This preparation for killing flies gives the greatest satisfaction of anything ever yet used. It is now improved to the highest killing point. It is of such a nature and so speedy of effects, that the flies will not spot the walls and windows, which makes the use of other preparations so objectionable.

R. H. McDONALD & CO.,
Sacramento and San Francisco Agents. Depot at U. S. Drug Store, corner of Pine and Kearney str. se24-1y.

MEDICAL.

PRIVATE MEDICAL INSTITUTE,

Established by
DR. J. C. YOUNG, IN 1850,
For the Cure of Private Diseases of whatever Nature
AND ALL FEMALE COMPLAINTS.

CONSULTING OFFICE,
540 WASHINGTON STREET,
SAN FRANCISCO, : : : : : : : : CALIFORNIA
NO CURE, NO PAY.

Consultation by letter or otherwise, FREE. For direction of letters, see below.

THIS CELEBRATED INSTITUTE

has enjoyed on this coast an uninterupted success of fourteen years, and has become one of the renowned Hospitals of the age. What the celebrated Lock Hospital is to London, and the no less renowned establishment of Ricord is to Paris, this Institute has become to the Pacific coast. The thousands annually received and cured place it in point of number of patients among the very first of the world, and the success of its treatment ranks it second to none.

PRIVATE DISEASES IN MALES and IRREGULARITIES IN FEMALES are the great destroyers of health. They insidiously attack the system and gradually undermine and destroy it; they drive the bloom from the cheek, the lustre from the eye, the strength and vigor from the frame; they give to the world puny and diseased offspring, and poison, through successive generations, the race of man. The marks can be seen in Scrofula, Consumption, Cripples, the Idiotic, the Paralytic, the Insane, etc.

There is no more terrible scourge to the human race than those diseases arising from the contamination of Venerial Poison. The mildest forms, by retreating to the blood, hold ever over the one afflicted, the sword of destruction that is liable at any moment to fall and blight—to utterly destroy—all earthly hopes.

MERCURY, *recognized as the most fatal medical enemy to man,* combining with the Venerial, doubles in dangers. Those who have been treated with that pernicious *mineral poison* are not cured: the disease has only assumed a new form.

Do not be Satisfied with Partial Cures

that leave the poison to crawl through the system, eating its way into the tissues and organs beneath the apparently smooth surface, to burst out in the future with a virulence that will baffle the effects of medicine. WHEN PERFECT CURES can be obtained by consulting a physician whom long practice and thorough investigation into the causes of DISEASES of the URINARY ORGANS enables to determine at once the nature of the disease.

In all diseases entrusted to the Doctor's care, PERFECT, SPEEDY and PERMANENT.

Cures are always Guaranteed.

In syphilis and its adjuncts; Gonnorhœa and its accompanying diseases; and all disorders of the Bladder, Kidneys and prostrate; Seminal Weakness; Diseases of the Heart and Lungs; Dyspepsia; Indigestion, Impotency; Incipient Consumption, and all diseases of the urinary organs, in either sex, cure always warranted, OR NO PAY REQUIRED at the

Private Medical Institute,

No 540 Washington street, San Francisco, Cal.

SFMINAL WEAKNESS OR SPERMATORROEA.

The young man who experiences that growing weakness in his muscular and mental organization should stop to consider whence it arises. He will find in the weakness of the back, trembling of the limbs, disordered digestion, unaccountable failing of the powers of the mind, distaste for society, dread of impending trouble, forebodings of evil sleeplessness, troubled and lacivious dreams accompanied by growing deafness, loss of muscular power, and numerous other symptoms of disorganization, the positive traces of that most terrible and destructive of all diseases, Seminal Weakness—wasting away his powers, destroying his hope of life and manhood, and dragging him along the broken path of his existence toward a premature and loathsome grave. To him who finds his life dribbling out in the discharge of the vital principal of existence in nocturnal and diurnal emissions, the mere cessation of its appearance brings no assurance of relief.

Marriage, that holy office, the safeguard and hope of manhood, brings to such an one no hope of cure, but adds to his misery in the knowledge that the one who looks to him for so much of her happiness, is a victim of his evil, and an innocent companion of his punishment. He adds to his misery and disorder until hope leaves him. There is no rescue except in proper and skillful treatment. Consult then, at once, a physician whom long practice and careful research has made thoroughly conversant with every phase of the disease. Those who have become the victims of solitary vices, that dreadful, fascinating and destructive habit, which fills thousands of sick rooms with paralytics and consumptives, and hundreds of untimely graves with its misguided victims, should consult, without a moment's delay, one who will sympathize with their sufferings. To such the Doctor would especially address himself, giving to each and all assurance of a PERFECT and PERMANENT CURE, *without hindrance from business, change of diet, or fear of exposure.*

Do not forget the address. See below.

Important to Females.

When a female is in trouble or afflicted with disease, and requires medical or surgical assistance, the enquiry should be, Where is there a physician who is fully competent to administer relief, and whose respectable standing in society recommends him to the confidence of the community? The Doctor, understanding how imperatively necessary these requirements are, feels called upon to interpose, and by the attention of the afflicted to the fact that he has been a *Professor of Obstetrics and Female Diseases* for twenty years, and is fully qualified to administer in all cases, both medically and surgically, not in a superficial manner, but in as thorough a manner as years of study and practice—both in hospitals and private families—can make, to save them from the hands of the unqualified, unscrupulous and designing. Therefore families can rely upon him as upon a father. All in affliction can find in him one who can feel and sympathize with and befriend them in trouble—one in whose secrecy and the utmost confidence can be placed. *Consultation, by letter or otherwise, Free.* See address below.

THE CELEBRATED FEMALE REMEDIES, compounded from the private prescription of Dr. Young, have now obtained a most extended popularity, and are correctly viewed to be the safest and surest remedies or the complaints for which they are applied. The constantly accruing testimonials of their efficacy declare them to be pre-eminently superior in their action. No lady should be without these Renovating Agents. None genuine unless procured at this office.

Sent by Mail or Express, to any part of the State. THE GREAT FEMALE MEDICINE! PREVENTIVE POWDERS FOR MARRIED LADIES. New, Safe and Infallible, lasting from four to six months. Price $10. French Lunar, or Female monthly Pills, for suppressions. After fifty years of use, these pills stand unrivalled in efficacy. Price $5 per box.

To Correspondents.

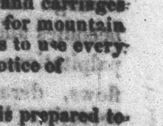
Patients residing in any part of the State however distant, who may desire medical advice on their respective cases, and who think proper to submit a written statement of such in preference to holding a personal interview, are assured that their communications will be held most sacred.

All letters must be addressed to the corresponding physician, thus:

BENJAMIN F. JOSELYN, M. D.,
[stamp] 540 Washington street,
Box 635, P. O. [my5 3m] San Francisco.

EMPIRE LIVERY STABLE,
Main Street, Dutch Flat.

H. K. WEST .... Proprietor.



THE SUBSCRIBER HAVING ESTABlished a Livery Stable at this place, would respectfully announce to the public that he is prepared to furnish the best

Horses, Buggies and Carriages

To be had in the mountains. Their horses and carriages have been selected and purchased expressly for mountain travel, and the proprietors pledge themselves to use every exertion to render entire satisfaction. The notice of

Families and Parties

is called to the fact that this establishment is prepared to supply them with every accommodation—gentle horses and experienced and careful drivers.

☞ Particular attention paid to transient stock, and horses boarded and groomed by the month, week, or day, at reasonable prices. oc6-tf

HAPPINESS OR MISERY—THAT IS THE QUESTION.

THE PROPRIETORS OF THE "PACIFIC MUSEUM of Anatomy and Science," have determined, regardless of expense, to issue FREE (for the benefit of suffering humanity) four of their most interesting and instructive LECTURES, ON MARRIAGE, and its disqualifications; Nervous Debility, Premature Decline of Manhood, Indigestion, Weakness or Depression, Loss of Energy and Vital Power, the great Social Evil, and those maladies that result from youthful follies, excesses of maturity, or ignorance of Physiology and Nature's Laws.

These invaluable Lectures have been the means of enlightening and saving thousands, and will be forwarded FREE on receipt of Twenty-five Cents in postage stamps, by addressing "Secretary Pacific Museum of Anatomy and Science, Pine Street, San Francisco."

Letters to be sent through Wells, Fargo & Co. del 6m

EVERY DESCRIPTION OF BLANKS FOR SALE at this office.